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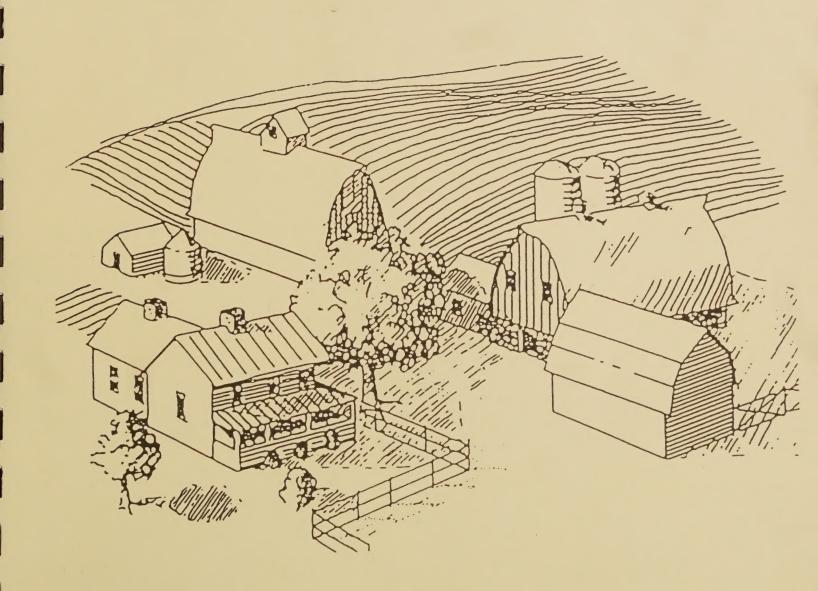
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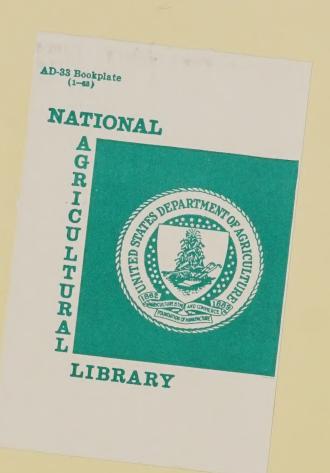
In cooperation with

State of Kentucky

Kentucky Special Resource Study

Kentucky's Agricultural Economy
By Major Land Resource Area





KENTUCKY'S AGRICULTURAL ECONOMY BY MAJOR LAND RESOURCE AREA

KENTUCKY SPECIAL RESOURCES STUDY

NAMONAL AGRICULTURE

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Prepared by

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U Economic Research Service

Forest Service

Soil Conservation Service

In cooperation with the Kentucky Natural Resources
and Environmental Protection Cabinet

April 1983

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KENTUCKY'S AGRICULTURAL ECONOMY BY MAJOR LAND RESOURCE AREA

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PREFACE

This report was prepared by the Economic Research Service in cooperation with the Soil Conservation Service, Forest Service, and the Kentucky Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet. It is a part of the ongoing USDA Cooperative Kentucky Special Resources Study conducted under Section 6 of PL 83-566.

It is intended that this report provide cooperating agencies and sponsors with historic and recent data and information about Kentucky's general agricultural economy by major land resource area (MLRA). Attention is given to population composition, employment and income, farm structure and farming. The farming section includes major agricultural land use; crop acreage, production, and yield data; soils by class/subclass; livestock and poultry data; information on fertilizer use; costs and price data; and a review of the market value of agricultural products.

KENTUCKY'S AGRICULTURAL ECONOMY

By Daniel E. Kugler¹

INTRODUCTION

For statewide and regional agricultural planning, five major land resource areas (MLRAs) are delineated in the Commonwealth of Kentucky (Map 1). They are:

MLRA 120 Kentucky and Indiana Sandstone and Shale Hills and Valleys

MLRA 121 Kentucky Bluegrass

MLRA 122 Highland Rim and Pennyroyal

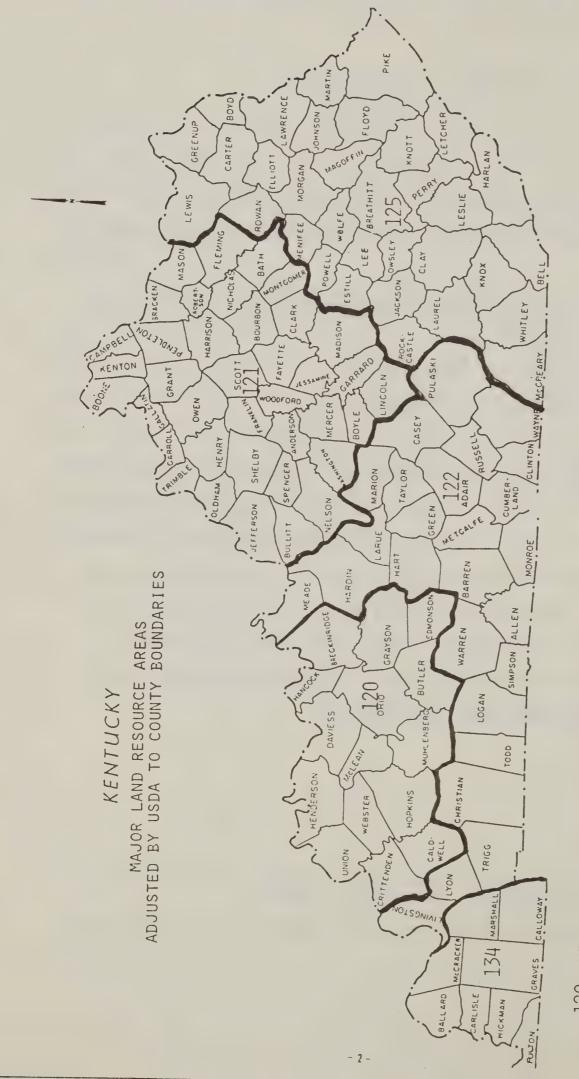
MLRA 125 Cumberland Plateau and Mountains

MLRA 134 Southern Mississippi Valley Silty Upland

MLRAs are physiographic and geographically associated land resource units characterized by particular patterns of soils, climate, water resources and land uses. To facilitate planning, program administration and implementation, and compilation of data, the MLRAs are adjusted to coincide with county boundaries. Map I shows the adjusted MLRA map for Kentucky. Descriptions of land use, elevation and topography, climate, water, soils, and potential natural vegetation for each MLRA can be found in Land Resource Regions and Major Land Resource Areas of the United States.²

¹Economist, Natural Resource Economics Division, Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, East Lansing, Michigan.

²USDA, Soil Conservation Service, Agricultural Handbook 296, revised December, 1981.



HILLS AND VALLEYS AND SHALE AND INDIANA SANDSTONE KENTUCKY

121 KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS

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For descriptions of the major land resource areas, see Agricultural Handbook 296, the United States," Soil "Land Resource Regions and Major Land Resource Areas of Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.)

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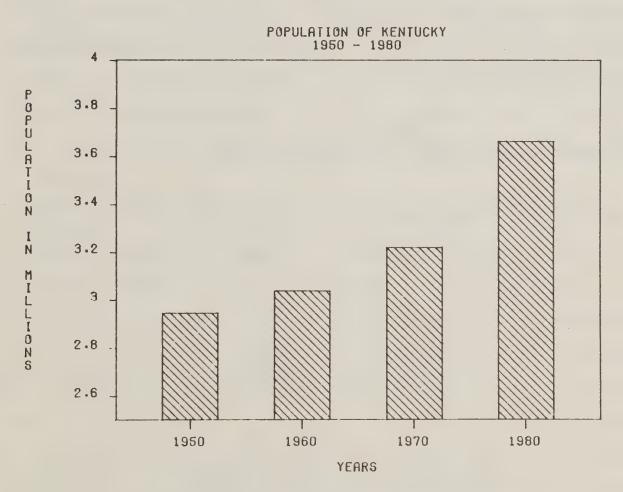
POPULATION

Total Population and Net Migration

State

Kentucky's population grew from 2.94 million inhabitants in 1950 to 3.66 million inhabitants in 1980 (chart 1; table 1). Although there was population growth in each decade from 1950 to 1980, the 1970-1980 decade increase of 440,000 inhabitants was the largest, primarily due to changing migration patterns.

Chart 1



Source: U.S. Census of Population

Net migration, defined as the excess of population growth over natural increase (births minus deaths), was negative for both the 1950-1960 and 1960-

Table 1--Total population by MLRA for Kentucky, 1950-1980

	1950	1960 :	1970	1980
MLRA 120	303,883	301,507	316,697	358,881
MLRA 121	1,208,647	1,410,503	1,601,405	1,747,619
MLRA 122	473,103	490,303	509,304	596,878
MLRA 125	808,941	678,906	623,930	776,531
MLRA 134	150,232	147,817	167,370	180,348
Kentucky	2,944,806	3,038,156	3,218,706	3,660,257

Source: U.S. Census of Population

Table 2--Net migration by MLRA for Kentucky, 1950-1980

	1950-1960	1960-1970	1970-1980
		x 1000	
MLRA 120	- 40	- 8	25
MLRA 121	11	30	32
MLRA 122	- 71	- 34	44
MLRA 125	-278	-143	94
MLRA 134	- 9	3	10
Kentucky	-387	-152	205

Source: U.S. Census of Population

1970 decades (table 2). Negative net migration, or out-migration, substantially offset natural increase and resulted in population growth rates of just 3 percent and 6 percent, respectively, for the decades. The 1970-1980 decade shows positive net migration or in-migration enhancing the natural increase. In-migration contributed 205,000 persons or 46 percent to the decade's population growth.

MLRA Highlights

After two decades of severe out-migration and decreasing total population, the revitalization and resurgence of the coal industry during the 1970-1980 decade contributed to in-migration and total population growth in MLRA 125 which was the largest of any MLRA in the state. During the decade, the Mountains MLRA population increased by 153,000 inhabitants or 24.5 percent. More than 61 percent (94,000 inhabitants) of the total growth was attributable to in-migration.

MLRA 121's total population increased by more than half a million from 1950-1980 and accounted for 75 percent of the state's increase during that 30 year period. Characterized by the urban/suburban areas of Louisville, Lexington/Richmond, Frankfort and Covington, the Bluegrass MLRA maintained total population growth and in-migration each decade. As the most populous of Kentucky's MLRAs, the Bluegrass's growth has come primarily from natural increase.

Urban/Rural and Farm/Nonfarm Composition

State

While the state's population has shown increased rates of growth in each decade from 1950 to 1980, the composition of the population has undergone dramatic changes (table 3). The urban population increased in absolute number

during each decade. As a percent of the total population, urban increased from 36.8 percent in 1950 to 52.3 percent in 1970. The 1970-1980 decade shows the urban percent of total population decreasing slightly to 50.9 percent.

As the urban population was increasing from 1950 to 1970, the rural population was decreasing because the rural farm population was losing more people than the rural non-farm was gaining (chart 2). The 1970-1980 decade turned this trend around. Although the rural farm population continued to decline, reaching 246,000 people or 6.7 percent of the total population in 1980, the rural non-farm population increased by almost 35 percent to 1,553,000. The net effect was an increased rural population and, because rural population increased more than urban, an increase in the rural share of the total population.

Chart 2 RURAL POPULATION COMPOSITION FOR KENTUCKY 1950-1980 1600 OPULAT 1400 NONFARM FARM 1200 0 1000 N 800 N T HOUSAN 600 400 D 200 0 1950 1960 1970 1980 YEAR

-6-

Source: U.S. Census of Population

The changes in population composition, particularly from 1970 to 1980, are only indicative of other changes which occurred. For example, the expanding urban/suburban population centers and movement of people to rural nonfarm areas created unprecedented new demands for rural land for residences, businesses, recreation, energy development, transportation, etc. The magnitude of these demands and the resulting conversion of land to non-farm uses spurred a flurry of federal, state and local governmental concerns for preservation and retention of prime and important farmlands which continues into the 80's.

In Kentucky, such pressures are evidenced by House Resolution No. 63 of March 17, 1982, and House Bill No. 744 of March 18, 1982. HR-63 authorized a comprehensive study of the loss of farmland in Kentucky and the programs needed to prevent further losses. HB-744, the Agricultural District and Conservation Act, because of "pressure imposed by urban expansion, transportation systems, water impoundments, surface mining of mineral resources, utility rights-of-way and industrial development" established the means for creating agricultural districts in Kentucky. Land in an agricultural district, among other things, is freed from possible annexation as a benefit or incentive for protection and conservation of the agricultural land base.

MLRA Highlights

MLRA 121 has steadily accounted for about 70 percent of the total urban population for Kentucky. In 1980, the Bluegrass's 1.27 million urban population was nearly 35 percent of the state's total population.

¹For an overview see Natural Agricultural Lands Study - Final Report, 1981.

MLRA 125, the Mountains, has maintained the largest rural population from 1950 to 1980. However, the farm-nonfarm composition has changed from approximately 1:1 in 1950 to 1:20 by 1980. The 601,000 rural nonfarm population constituted 77 percent of the MLRA's total population and 39 percent of the state's total rural nonfarm population.

The rural farm population decreased the least in MLRA 121 from 1950 to 1980. The 62 percent loss in the Bluegrass left 86,000 people in rural farms in 1980, the largest farm population MLRA in the state. The 81 percent rural farm population decrease from 1950 to 1980 for MLRA 125 was the largest for any MLRA in the state, leaving just 30,000 people or 9 percent of the 1950 total on the farm. In 1980, the nearly 81,000 rural farm population in MLRA 122, the Pennyroyal, constituted nearly 14 percent of the MLRA's total population, as compared with 7 percent at the state level.

Table 3--Urban/Rural and Farm/Nonfarm population composition by MLRA for Kentucky, 1950-1980

	1950	1960 1/	1970	1980 <u>2</u> /
MLRA 120				
TOTAL	303,883	301,507	316,697	358,881
Urban	83,694	101,267	124,592	144,859
Rural	220,189	200,240	192,105	214,022
Farm	113,729	70,218	46,807	32,169
Nonfarm	106,460	130,022	145,298	181,853
MLRA 121				
TOTAL	1,208,647	1,410,503	1,601,405	1,747,619
Urban	746,041	958,258	1,175,184	1,271,965
Rural	462,606	452,173	426,221	475,654
Farm	230,269	163,569	128,672	86,637
Nonfarm	232,337	288,676	297,549	389,017
MLRA 122				
TOTAL	473,103	490,303	509,304	596,878
Urban	70,725	110,877	192,172	226,336
Rural	402,378	379,426	318,132	370,542
Farm	248,102	173,018	124,520	80,923
Nonfarm	154,276	206,410	192,612	289,619
MLRA 125				
TOTAL	808,941	678,906	623,930	776,531
Urban	132,533	122,192	124,052	146,052
Rural	676,408	556,714	499,878	630,479
Farm	326,655	109,059	60,830	29,835
Nonfarm	349,753	447,655	439,048	600,644
1LRA 134				
TOTAL	150,232	147,817	167,370	180,348
Urban	51,077	60,899	69,445	72,451
Rural	99,155	96,038	97,925	107,897
Farm	55,415	31,991	20,867	16,434
Nonfarm	43,740	64,047	77,058	91,463
KENTUCKY				
TOTAL	2,944,806	3,038,156	3,218,706	3,660,257
Urban	1,084,070	1,351,979	1,685,445	1,861,663
Rural	1,860,736	1,686,177	1,533,261	1,798,594
Farm	974,170	546,868	381,696	245,998
Nonfarm	886,566	1,139,309	1,151,565	1,552,596

^{1/} Urban/rural and farm/nonfarm figures for 1960 were derived. The State total does not equal the sum of the MLRAs due to rounding.

^{2/ 1980} definitions were used for farm/nonfarm figures. Final count rural population allocated by percent farm or nonfarm from summary tape file 3A. Source: U.S. Census of Population

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Labor Force

Kentucky's average annual civilian labor force (table 4) increased 32 percent from 1,228,000 in 1970 to 1,621,000 in 1980. Labor force expansion is closely related to the population increases. The urban/suburban population growth in MLRA 121 had a corresponding 158,000 person or 23 percent expansion to 841,000 in the available labor force between 1970 and 1980. MLRA 125, characterized by a surge in energy development and the highest percent increase in population of any of the MLRAs, showed a labor force increase from 178,000 to 278,000 during this period, a 56 percent gain. MLRA 122 showed a 74,000 or 42 percent gain in labor force.

Employment/Unemployment

State

each year, increasing 27 percent from 1,174,000 in 1970 to 1,489,000 in 1980 (table 5). Using the unemployment rate as an indication of the soundness and stability of the Kentucky economy, three peaks in unemployment are apparent, and each successive peak was at a higher level. In 1972, the labor force had expanded faster than employment, resulting in a 5.9 percent unemployment rate. In 1975, employment contracted faster than the labor force, resulting in a 7.3 percent unemployment rate. In 1980, as in 1972, the labor force grew faster than employment, resulting in an 8.1 percent unemployment rate. Successively higher rates of unemployment applied to successively larger labor forces created, in an absolute sense, more individuals seeking employment and/or assistance than ever before experienced in Kentucky.

^{1,981} data indicates 6.6 percent unemployment with a 1,662,000 labor force and 1,522,000 employment.

Table 4--Annual average civilian labor force by MLRA for Kentucky, 1970-1980.

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
				•		×	x 1000				
MLRA 120	122	128	130	139	144	143	150	156	157	159	167
MLRA 121	683	929	683	739	747	731	747	772	797	807	841
MLRA 122	177	193	199	211	218	215	226	237	244	244	251
MLRA 125	178	192	198	209	224	240	250	264	272	272	278
MLRA 134	89	72	70	75	9/	92	78	82	82	81	84
Kentucky	: 1228	1261	1280	1373	1409	1405	1451	1511	1552	1563	1621

Source: Kentucky Department for Human Resources, Labor Market Information Section.

Table 5--Annual average employment and percent unemployment by MLRA for Kentucky, 1970-1980.

	1/61 :	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
			•	employ	employment x l	1000			••	
1115	121 5.5	122 6.2	133	137	133	142	149	149	150	153
658 3.7	7. 4. 4	647	717	719	682	709	739	761	770	782
170 1	185	189	204	208	198	213	226	230	230	229
166 1	177	179	198	211 5.8	221	232	248	253	250	250
_ 10	68	67	72	72	69	73	78	77 6.1	75	75
1197	97	1204	1324	1347	1303	1369	1440	1470	1475	1489

Source: Kentucky Department for Human Resources, Labor Market Information Section.

MLRA Highlights

In the 1970-1980 period, employment in the mountainous MLRA 125 increased 51 percent from 166,000 to 250,000. The growth in MLRA 125, while impressive, is still marred by chronic high unemployment. In all but two instances, the unemployment rate for MLRA 125 was the highest of any MLRA for any year from 1970 to 1980 in the state. The high unemployment, somewhat characteristic of eastern Kentucky, has been accentuated by fluctuations in the energy extraction industry.

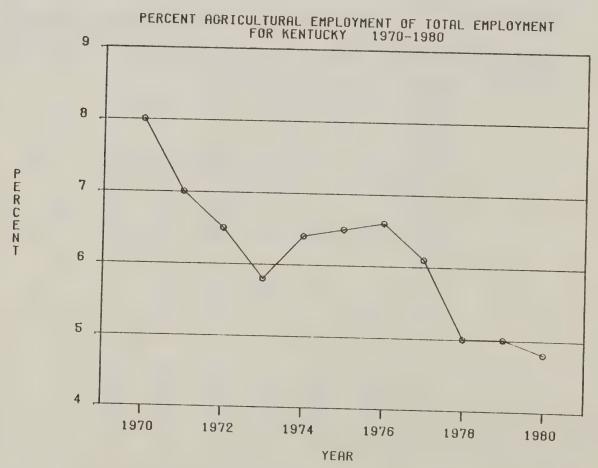
MLRA 121 includes the Louisville, Lexington-Frankfort and Covington metropolitan areas of the Bluegrass. With only one exception, MLRA 121s more varied and diversified economic climate maintained the lowest unemployment rate of any Kentucky MLRA in any of the 1970-1980 years. The 19 percent growth in employment for the Bluegrass was well below the state's 27 percent rate but accounted for nearly 40 percent (124,000) of the state's 315,000 increase in employment from 1970 to 1980.

Agricultural Employment

With only those persons whose full-time or primary profession is agriculture counted, the 19/0-1980 period shows both attrition in the level of agricultural employment and in the percent agricultural employment of total employment throughout the state (table 6). Agricultural employment fell from 94,100 or 8.0 percent of total state employment in 1970 to 71,300 or 4.8 percent of total state employment in 1980 (Chart 3).

MLRA 121 (Bluegrass) and MLRA 122 (Pennyroyal) accounted for 75 percent of agricultural employment in 1980. Although the Bluegrass had the largest number employed in agriculture (30,200), it contributed just 3.9 percent to total employment for the MLRA. The Pennyroyal's 23,400 employed in agriculture in 1980 accounted for 10.2 percent of the total employment.

Chart 3



Source: Kentucky Department for Human Development, Labor Market Information Section.

Table 6--Annual average agricultural employment and percent agricultural employment of total employment by MLRA for Kentucky, 1970-1980

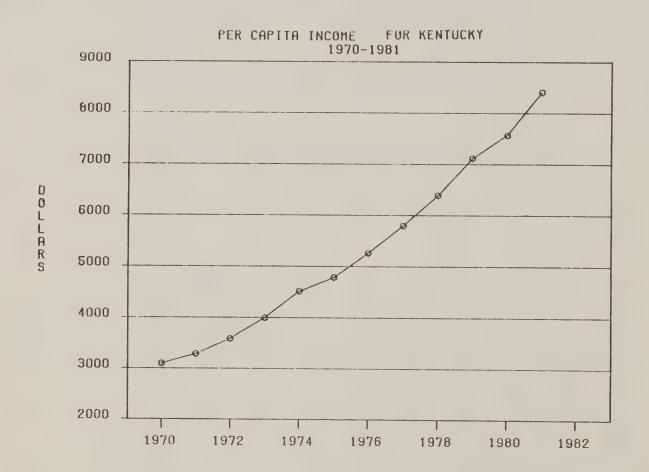
1979 :		8.5 8.3 5.7 5.4	31.0 30.2 4.0 3.9	24.0 23.4 10.4 10.2	6.2 6.0 2.5 2.4	3.5 3.4 4.7 4.5	73.2 71.3 5.0 4.8
1978		5.8	31.7	24.5 10.7	6.3	3.5	73.2
1977	00	10.2	36.9	28.6	7.3	4.2	87.2
1976	ent x 10	10.6	38.4	29.7	7.6	4.4	9.9
1975	employment	9.9	36.1	28.0	7.2	4.1	85.3 6.5
1974	agricultural	10.0	36.4	28.2	7.2	4.2	86.0
1973	agri	8 9	33.1	24.9	3.2	3.7	76.9
1972		9.1	33.2	25.7	6.6	3.8	78.4
1971		9 • 8 1 • 8	35.7	27.6	7.1	4.1	84.3
1970	•	: 11.0 : 9.6	39.5	30.9	8.1	4.6	94.1 8.0
		Ag. employ. % total	Ag. employ. % total	Ag. employ. % total	Ag. employ. % total	Ag. employ. % total	Kentucky Ag. employ. % total
		MLRA 120	MLRA 121	MLRA 122	MLRA 125	MLRA 134	Kentucky

Kentucky Department for Human Resources, Labor Market Information Section. Source:

Per Capita Income

From 1970 to 1981, per capita income in Kentucky increased from \$3096 to \$8416 (table 7a). This is equivalent to an average annual rate of increase of approximately 9.5 percent. Since each year's per capita income level was higher than the previous year's and, with the exception of 1974-75 and 1979-1980, the gross dollar increase was higher in each successive year, the upward curving plot of per capita income depicted in Chart 4 results.

Chart 4



Source: Kentucky Council of Economic Advisors, Kentucky Economic Information System, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky.

One way to put per capita income growth into perspective is to convert the per capita income from actual or nominal dollars to real dollars using the

consumer price index. The procedure adjusts per capita income to the prevailing rate of inflation and reflects the real or true purchasing power of income. Table 7b shows the results of computing real per capita income. In constant 1967 dollars (1967 = 1.000), real per capita income in Kentucky increased from \$2662 to \$3090 from 1970 to 1981. This is equivalent to an average annual rate of real per capita income increase of just 1.5 percent.

A nominal per capita income rate increase of 9.5 percent compared with a real per capita income rate increase of 1.5 percent for the 1970-1981 period shows that most of the increase has been off-set by relatively high and persistent rates of inflation. In fact, the overall purchasing power of income has not done much better than keep pace with inflation.

MLRA 121, the Bluegrass area which includes the state's major urban areas and industrial/commercial developments, maintains the highest per capita income in the state. In 1981, the Bluegrass' nominal per capita income was \$9579, nearly 14 percent higher than the state average.

The Mountains and Pennyroyal areas, respectively MLRAs 125 and 122, have maintained the lowest nominal per capita incomes. In 1981, the Mountain's \$6705 was 20 percent lower than the state average of \$8416 while the Pennyroyal's \$7003 was 17 percent lower.

Table 7a--Per Capita Income by Major Land Resource Area for Kentucky, 1970-1981

	: 1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
						Dollars	ars					
MLRA 120	2989	3199	3572	4059	4578	4922	5534	6075	6544	7548	7858	8816
MLRA 121	3635	3824	4185	4602	5075	5373	5938	6572	7296	8019	8654	9579
MLRA 122	2661	2821	3116	3517	3885	4033	4504	4859	5352	5955	6162	7003
MLRA 125	2211	2358	2532	2874	3625	3938	4139	4555	5013	5711	6107	6705
MLRA 134	2955	3179	3415	3904	4411	7690	5313	6034	6544	7412	7437	8453
Kentucky	3096	3282	3586	3997	4515	4788	5263	5797	6389	7119	7567	8416

Kentucky Council of Economic Advisors, Kentucky Economic Information System, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky. Source:

Table 7b--Real and Nominal Per Capita Income for Kentucky, 1970-1981

1981	3090	8416	2.724
1979 1980	3066	7567	2.174 2.468
1979	3275	7119	
1978	3270	6389	1.954
1977	3194	5797	1.815
: 1976	3087	5263	1.612 1.705 1.815 1.954
1975	2970	4788	
1974	3057	4515	1.331 1.477
1973	3003	3997	1.331
1972	2862	3586	1.253
1971	2706	3282	1,213
1970	2662	3096	1.163
	Real Per Capita : Income ¹ : Real Dollars :	Nominal Per Capita: Income ² : Nominal Dollars:	Consumer Price Index Index

It adjusts nominal dollars (unadjusted for inflation) to real dollars (adjusted for inflation) to refelct the Real per capita income equals nominal per capita income divided by the consumer price index for a given year. real purchasing power of income.

Source: Kentucky Council of Economic Advisors, Kentucky Economic Information System, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky. 2 Nominal per capita income is the actual per capita income for a given year.

³The consumer price index (cpi) is a measure of inflation: the cost of a given basket of market goods purchased by a typical urban wage earner for a given year based on the year 1967 = 1.000. Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

FARM STRUCTURE

Farms and Farm Size

State

For Kentucky, the period from 1964 to 1978 shows the number of farms with harvested acreage decreasing from 124,000 to 94,000 while harvested cropland on these farms increased from 3.2 to 4.0 million acres (table 8). Very generally, fewer farms with more harvested acreage per farm has been the trend. This trend holds for farm sizes up to 500 acres harvested. The two largest farm size ranges, 500 - 999 and 1000+ acres, show both more farms and more harvested acreage per farm.

Cumulatively, in 1964, farms of 500 or more acres accounted for 2.7 percent of all farms with harvested acres and 16.4 percent of the harvested acres. By 1978, the concentration increased to 4.5 percent of the farms and 28.7 percent of the acreage. If all farms with 260 or more acres harvested are examined, the totals changed from 10.6 percent of farms and 40.1 percent of acreage in 1964 to 14.4 percent of farms and 53.9 percent of acres in 1978.

MLRA Highlights

MLRA 134, the Purchase Area, provides one exception to the state trends. Both number of farms with harvested acreage and the average harvested acres per farm increase beginning with the 260 - 499 acre farm size. MLRA 125, the Mountains, provides another exception, showing decreased numbers of farms for all farm size ranges.

Acreages will be less than those reported under Major Agricultural Land Use due to the numerous disclosure restrictions applied to data by farm size.

Kentucks Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet.... 3 260 O [Washington, D.C.?] b U.S. Soil Conservation Service, Economic Research Service, Forest Service, State of Kentucks, c 1984. 2 245 00 Kentucky's agricultural economy by major land resource area 2 45 Parties of the state of the sta Enc lyl: o Mtrl: Ctrs: xx Forms: 0.0 Plan: OP6## 14591E/U 1000 Entrd: 840626 Used: 840626 VE on

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Table 8--Number of farms with harvested cropland, acres of harvested cropland and average acres of harvested cropland per farm by farm size by MLRA for Kentucky, 1964 - 1978.

		1978	1	3219t 100°	3088t 136.	1343(5112 512 512	93872
	T a T	1969	13961 698 50	35068 825 24	34898 965 28	16864	5864 311 53	106655 2980 28
	00 + acres All	1964	97	37718 935 25	38671 1021 6	24253 253 10	6929 283 41	123541 3208 26
		1978	240 147* 613	179 39* 218	229 106* 462	30 1*	90 48* 533	768 341 444
		1969	169 92* 544	160 32* 200	153 36* 235	88 5*	39 15* 385	609 180 296
	101	1964	133 38* 286	172 33* 192	138	70 4* 57	24 8*	537 88 164
9		1978	739 237* 321	1136 153* 135	1039 267* 257	289 12* 42	276 143 518	3479 812 233
Farm Size		1969	619 156* 252	972 120 123	854 144 169	347 17 49	198 70* 354	2990 507 170
F	acres	1964	586 147* 251	867 97* 112	795 131* 165	374 17* 45	150 47 313	2772 439 158
		1978	1525 251 165	3317 264 80	2761 332 120	1107 34 31	533 130 243	9243 1011 109
		1969	1677 185 110	3420 211 62	2789 224 80	1243 32 26	517 81 157	9646 733 76
	cres	1964	1692 189 112	3331 221 66	2829 242 85	1385	509 67 132	9746
		1978	9744	27564 551 20	26857 656 24	12004 123 10	4213 191 45	80382 1851 23
		1969	11496 265 23	30516 462 15	31102 561 18	15186 127 8	5110 145 28	93410 1560 17
		1964	13599 342 25	33348 584 18	34909 643 18	22424 192 9	6246 161 26	110486
	Units		No. of farms Thou. acres Av. acres/farm	No. of farms Thou. acres Av. acres/farm				
	MLRA		120	121	122	21-	134	Kentucky 1

Census of Agriculture. 1978 is unadjusted for undernumeration. Source:

^{*}Disclosure restrictions for county level confidentiality preclude reasonable totals or averages for the MLRA.

MLRA's 134 and 120 show the largest average harvested acreage per farm through each farm size range. MLRA's 121 and 122 have the most farms and, combined, accounted for 58 percent of all with harvested acreage farms in the state.

Farm Tenure

State

The number of farm operators in Kentucky decreased from 125,000 in 1969 to 102,000 in 1974 and remained at that level in 1978 (table 9). The bulk of the change is attributed to a 20,000 loss in full owners from 1969 to 1974. From 1974 to 1978, a 5,000 shift in farm operators occurred from full owners to the total of part owners and tenants.

MLRA Highlights

Although MLRA 125 would not be classified as a commercial agricultural region, 77 percent of farm operators were full owners in 1978, the highest percent in the state. MLRA 134, the Purchase Area, had the lowest percent of full owners (58 percent) and the highest percent of part owners (31 percent). The percent of tenancy ranged from 7 to 14 percent with MLRA 122, the Pennyroyal, the highest at 14 percent.

When land in farms is compared with the number of farm operators, MLRAs 120 and 134 show 188 and 162 acres of land in farms per farm operator. MLRA 125, the Mountains, has the lowest with 118 acres of land in farms per farm operator. MLRAs 121 and 122 fall in the middle with 139 and 135 acres, respectively.

Table 9. Farm tenure by MLRA for Kentucky, 1969-1978.

		All Farm	Full	Part	
MLRA	Year	Operators	Owners	Owners	Tenants
MLRA 120	1969	16,875	12,578	2,775	1,522
	1974	14,007	9,891	2,985	1,131
	1978	13,592	8,833	3,369	1,390
MLRA 121	1969	39,866	28,952	5,482	5,532
	1974	33,554	24,552	5,074	3,928
	1978	34,852	24,187	5,877	4,788
MLRA 122	1969	40,435	31,942	5,387	3,106
	1974	33,522	25,511	5,561	2,450
	1978	33,461	23,715	6,689	3,057
MLRA 125	1969	19,726	16,546	2,227	953
	1974	14,262	11,564	2,035	663
	1978	14,198	10,910	2,248	1,040
MLRA 134	1969	8,167	6,142	1,510	515
	1974	6,708	4,564	1,703	441
	1978	6,160	3,579	1,928	653
Kentucky	1969	125,069	96,160	17,381	11,628
	1974	102,053	76,082	17,358	8,613
	1978	102,263	71,224	20,111	10,928

Type of Organization

Over the three most recent census years, the individual or family farm for the state of Kentucky has averaged about 84 percent of all farms with sales of \$2500 or more (table 10). Partnerships have averaged about 15 percent and the combined total for corporations and other farms has averaged just 1 percent. MLRA breakdowns by type of farm closely parallel that of the state.

Commercial and Noncommerical Farms

State

Presently farms with \$2500 or more in value of all products sold are considered commercial farms. Data on number of farms, acres of harvested cropland and market value of agricultural products between all farms and farms with sales of \$2500 or more are presented in tables 11 and 12. In 1978, commercial farms in Kentucky accounted for \$1.78 of \$1.81 billion in sales of all agricultural products for all farms. These commercial farms held 97 percent of the harvested cropland and 78 percent of farms with harvested cropland.

Examining table 11 from the non-commercial perspective, 22 percent of farms (22,152 farms) accounted for just 3 percent (151,000 acres) of harvested acreage and just \$38 million in sales in 1978. This averaged less than \$2000 in sales per non-commercial farm. By comparison, commercial farms averaged \$22,500 in sales per farm.

Off-Farm Work

State

While the absolute number of operators of farms in Kentucky with sales of \$2500 or more increased for 1969 to 1974, the percent of those operators with

Table 10--Type of organization for farms with sales of \$2500 or more by MLRA for Kentucky, 1969-1978.

	1969	1974	1978
MLRA 120			
Individual/Family	6814	8345	9050
Partnership	1315	992	1564
Corporation	55	44	102
Other	30	11	1 16
MLRA 121			
Individual/Family	18969	20901	22489
Partnership	4520	3388	5354
Corporation	199	171	301
Other	155	53	91
MLRA 122			
Individual/Family	16837	20108	22147
Partnership	3267	2261	3761
Corporation	91	101	205
Other	66	25	39
MLRA 125			
Individual/Family	3973	5858	7332
Partnership	560	400	854
Corporation	31	14	51
Other	19	2	32
MLRA 134			
Individual/Family	3386	4477	4423
Partnership	541	408	651
Corporation	11	22	34
Other	9	3	10
Kentucky			
Individual/Family	49979	59689	65441
Partnership	10203	7449	12184
Corporation	387	352	693
Other	279	94	188

Table 11--All farms v. farms with sales of \$2500 or more: comparison of number of farms with harvested cropland and acres of harvested cropland for Kentucky, 1969-1978.

		-		
		1969	1974	1978
Number of farms with harvested cropland	All farms Farms with \$2500+ sales (percent all farms)	106,561 58,292 (54)	92,468 65,227 (71)	100,986 78,834 (78)
Harvested cropland x 1000 acres	All farms Farms with \$2500+ sales (percent all farms)	3,128 2,787 (89)	3,701 3,488 (94)	4,607 4,456 (97)

Source: Census of Agriculture. 1978 totals are corrected for undernumeration.

Table 12--All farms v. farms with sales of \$2500 or more: comparison of market value of agricultural products by MLRA for Kentucky, 1978.

	elli-ven amasalli embradissisi viser ven saldi emressin amasalissisli militadi valis militadi.	andere dia adia adia adia dika dike dike dike dipangan manangan ngan mpangan mpangan	
	All agricultural		Livestock
	products	Crops	and poultry
		-million dollars	
MLRA 120			
All farms	303	193	110
Farms with \$2500+ sales	298	190	108
MLRA 121	705	004	
All farms	705	321	384
Farms with \$2500+ sales	693	314	379
WI DA 100			
MLRA 122	577	070	000
All farms	567	279	288
Farms with \$2500+ sales	556	272	284
MLRA 125			
All farms	96	54	10
			42
Farms with \$2500+ sales	87	47	40
MLRA 134			
All farms	142	102	40
Farms with \$2500+ sales	141	101	
ratilis with \$2500+ sales	141	101	40
Kentucky			
All farms	1813	949	864
Farms with \$2500+ sales	1775	924	851
Tarms with 925001 Sales	1773	724	001
			The second secon

¹Excludes forest products.

off-farm work increased from 47 to 59 percent (table 13). Those operators with more than 200 days work off farm increased from 23 to 38 percent.

MLRA Highlights

In 1978, MLRAs 121 and 122 had the highest percentage of operators with no off-farm work, 42 and 43 percent of all operators, respectively. In MLRA 134, the Purchase Area, 49 percent of all operators had 200 or more days of off-farm work.

Table 13--Operators of farms with sales of \$2500 or more with off-farm work by MLRA for Kentucky, 1969-1978.

	1969	1974	1978
MLRA 120			
None	4,317	3,111	3,885
1-99	1,149	711	1,070
100-199	546	617	838
200+	2,192	2,640	4,212
MLRA 121			
None	12,545	8,662	10,924
1-99	4,388	2,293	3,402
100-199	1,531	1,522	2,213
200+	5,379	6,115	9,416
MLRA 122			
None	11,292	7,963	10,636
1-99	3,485	2,005	3,305
100-199	1,307	1,410	2,178
200+	4,177	5,190	8,668
m n. 105	,	7.7.	,,,,,,
ILRA 125	0.060	0.100	
None	2,269	2,139	2,906
1-99	749	550	922
100-199	410	605	935
200+	1,155	1,653	2,985
ILRA 134			
None	1,909	1,542	1,651
1-99	503	116	461
100-199	273	315	285
200+	1,262	1,555	2,264
lentucky			
None	32,342	23,417	30,002
1-99	10,274	5,675	9,160
100-199	4,067	4,469	6,444
200+	14,165	17,153	27,545

FARMING

Agricultural Land Use and Crop Production

State

Agricultural Land Use

Total land in farms for Kentucky decreased from 18.0 million acres in 1954 to 14.6 million acres in 1978 (table 14). The components of this 3.4 million acre decline are (1) a 1.5 million acre decrease in woodland on farms, (2) a .9 million acre loss of cropland pasture, coming primarily after the lifting of acreage restrictions in the early 1970's and (3) a .7 million acre reduction in pastureland.

Harvested cropland, after decreasing to a historic low of 3.1 million acres in 1969, dramatically re-expanded to again reach 4.5 million acres by 1978 (Chart 5). Favorable export market conditions and foreign demands for U.S. agricultural products were contributing factors to the re-expansion.

Chart 5 LAND IN FARMS. TOTAL CROPLAND. AND HARVESTED CROPLAND FOR KENTUCKY 1954-1978 20 17.5 MILLIONS 15 **★LAND IN FARMS** B--- D TOTAL CROPLAND →-→ HARVESTED CROPLAND 12.5 10 0 AC 7.5 RE 5 2.5 0 1954 1959 1964 1969 1974 1978 YEAR

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Table 14--Land in farms and agricultural land use, State of Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Surface area -- 25,852,800 acres

	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	19782/
Land in farms	18,034,380	17,030,675	16,265,242	15,968,243	14,431,713	14,606,168
Total cropland	10,455,193	9,927,197	9,364,095	9,443,454	8,803,159	9,297,858
Harvested	4,541,381	4,012,962	3,473,051	3,128,222	3,700,920	4,511,837
Cropland pasture	4,879,874	4,740,357	4,571,851	4,915,575	4,487,186	3,992,500
All other cropland	1,033,938	1,173,878	1,319,193	1,399,657	615,053	793,521
Total woodland	4,850,232	4,495,817	4,246,536	3,822,882	3,206,278	3,358,989
Pastureland and rangeland	1,759,403	1,628,334	1,824,334	1,476,0043/	1,420,868 ³ /	1.069.756
Other land	969,552	979,327	830,372	1,225,9073/	991,408 ³ /	878,208
Irrigated land	13,434	8,605	14,405	19,587	10,920	$12,797^{1/}$

¹Due to the withholding of data to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms, this inventory acreage is low.

²State averages from the Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for under

Estimated.

Although the agricultural community in the 1970's had an adequate land resource base to call upon for re-expansion, it was not the same lands as in 1954. Experts maintained that prime and important land in farms continued to be converted to competing, nonagricultural uses at an alarming rate. Loss of these lands meant that additional demands would be met by production on marginal or less productive land. Higher fertilizer, lime and pesticide use, more input of fossil fuels and labor, improved management and more acreage were characteristic substitutions to attempt to restore productive capacity. Typically, these substitutions increased erosion, sedimentation, water quality and energy problems.

Increased use of variable inputs to sustain economically competitive yield levels on less inherently productive land increased per acre costs of production. To compensate for decreasing net returns per acre because of increased costs, farmers attempted to expand their farm operations by purchase or lease. The demand for land to increase farm size and for conversions to nonagricultural uses served to drive up the cost of land as a variable input to production.

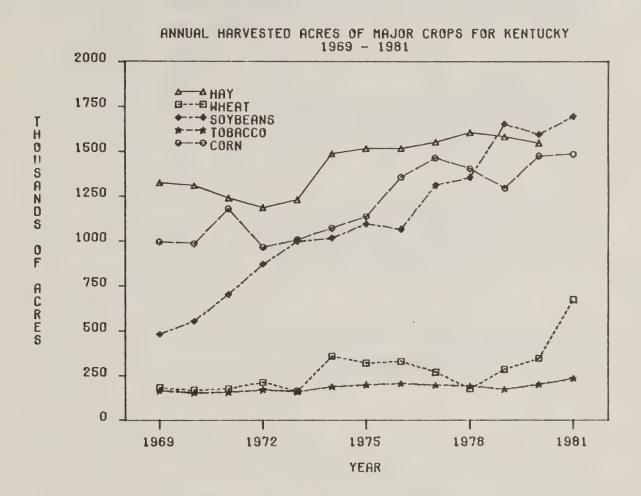
The key to successful long term farming through the 1970's re-expansion and into and through the economic crisis in farming of the early 1980's seems to have been financial solvency and management. Farmers who began the re-expansion with a good farmland base and who were financially solvent are still farming. Many of those who rode the coattails of the re-expansion by borrow-buying their way into agriculture, with limited finances and agricultural management skills, are experiencing financial distress and bankruptcy during the 1980's economic crisis.

Production

Data for the 1954 to 1978 period shows that corn yields had almost tripled, that soybean yields had almost doubled, that hay yields had risen 65 percent, and that wheat and tobacco yields had increased about 50 percent (table 15).

In 1978, hay crops (1.41 million acres), corn (1.33 million acres) and soybeans (1.23 million acres) dominated production on agricultural land. The tobacco acreage has averaged around 200,000 acres through the 1954-1978 period while under either acreage or poundage allotment programs. As more and more farmers successfully double crop soybeans on land fall-planted to winter wheat, wheat acreage has risen to average nearly 345,000 acres over the years 1974-1981 (Appendix 1, table B).

Soybeans have been the expansive crop over the last 25 years. Soybean acreage in 1978 was ten times the 1954 acreage with a 75 percent yield improvement. Annual data from the Statistical Reporting Service for 1979, 1980 and 1981 shows that acres of soybeans in Kentucky, surpassed both hay crops and corn for grain for the first time in history (Chart 6).



Source: USDA, Statistical Reporting Service

Table 15 - Area, production and yield of major crops, State of Kentucky, 1954-1978.

1,86 1,86 20 20 27 77 4,11				1001	+ // 1	19/8='='
ge acres 49 tons, green 49 tons/acre acres 20 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 12 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 27 1000xbushels	54,813 57,282	1,581,268	4 9	864,818	975,401	1,331,566
acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 27	30.7 97,714 99,195	44.4 68,792 513,481	55.3 94,478 1,022,297	4.27	85. ,24 ,06	• 6 8
acres 12 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 27 1000xpounds 41	5,161	158,388	152,972 4,908	156,645	331,421 10,460	57 57 98
acres 1000xpounds	24.5 26,636 2,102 16.6	181,019 4,015	13.	45.	31.6 874,551 21,559	$\sim \sim \sim$
pounds/acre 1,485	77,252 11,726 11,485	211,692 335,099	210,379 396,114 1.883	162,323 375,548	179,078 388,147 7,167	32 58 1
1,44		1,471,039 2,140,913	1,556,114 2,355,161	, 0, 0, -	, 72 , 97	1,000
Other tame acres dry hay tons tons/acre						1,099,208 1,871,604 1.70

-/ Estimated using Class 1-5 farm data.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Due to restrictions in the disclosure of information for individual farms in counties, area and production figures for 1978 may be low.

 $\frac{3}{2}$ State acreages from the Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for underenumeration.

Note: All yields were computed before rounding production to nearest 1000 for applicable crops. Source: Census of Agriculture

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MLRA Agricultural Land Use and Production Summaries MLRA 120 - Kentucky and Indiana Sandstone and Shale Hills and Valleys, (Western Coal Fields)

Although total cropland decreased by 132,000 acres from 1954 to 1978, harvested cropland increased by 203,000 acres primarily from conversion of cropland pasture to harvested cropland (table 16). MLRAs 120 and 134 were the only Major Land Resource Areas to show more harvested cropland acreage in 1978 than 1954. The Western Coal Field's 1,153,000 acres accounted for more than 25 percent of the state's harvested cropland in 1978.

Like the state, re-expansion of cropland during the 1970's came largely from rapidly increasing acreage cultivated in soybeans (table 17). In 1978, soybeans approached half a million acres and from 1979-1981 surpassed acres in corn (Appendix 1, tables A and C). SRS data for 1981 indicates more than 600,000 acres in soybeans, as MLRA 120 continued to be the largest soybean producing area of the state, with yields generally averaging 27-32 bushels per acre.

The Western Coal Fields area also has been the leading producer of corn for grain, with nearly a half a million acres cultivated and yields that generally range 85-110 bushels per acre and exceed the state average. Corn for grain and soybeans accounted for 81 percent of harvested cropland in 1978.

Acreage in hay crops has remained fairly stable, averaging 192,000 acres over the six agricultural census years from 1954 to 1978.

Table 16-Land in farms and agricultural land use in MLRA 120 for Kentucky, 1954-1978

4,026,880 acres

Surface area

	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	1978
Land in farms	2,881,363	2,668,402	acres 2,643,977	2,695,422	2,527,547	2,555,211
Total cropland	1,850,977	1,746,701	1,665,976	1,695,196	1,646,079	1,719,040
Harvested	949,718	868,656	775,649	744,500	948,474	1,153,280
Cropland pasture	707,351	615,325	587,196	629,658	581,639	435,712
All other cropland	193,908	262,720	303,131	321,038	115,966	130,048
Total woodland	639,344	769, 469	295,947	598,773	521,396	543,573
Pastureland and rangeland	144,818	117,422	208,258	$190,319^{2/}$	201,780 ² /	144.541
Other land	246,224	209,585	173,637	$211,134\frac{2}{}$	$158,292^{2/}$	148,057
Irrigated land	957	74	903	799	815	4901/

1 Due to the withholding of data to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms, this inventory acreage is low. 2Estimated.

Source: Census of Agriculture.

Table 17-Area, production and yield of major crops in MLRA 120 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Crop	Unit	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	$1978^{\frac{2}{3}}$
Corn-grain	acres	500,827	6	292,250	322,788	358,488	32
	1000xbushels	16,488	•	17,446	-	9,85	2,5
	bushels/acre	32.9	ナ		78	81.4	∞ ∞
Corn-silage	acres	10,846	7	11,432	106	61	0
	tons, green	49,961		\circ	3,8	6,002	143,224
	tons/acre	4.61	6.48	10.53	2.	2.7	0
Wheat	acres	46,750	37,467	33,551	5	85,558	24,563
	1000xbushels	1,166	853	1,046	0	,75	887
	bushels/acre	25.0	22.8	31.2	3	32.2	36.1
Soybeans	acres	83,535	•	161,723	184,236	335,009	2
	1000xbushels	1,468	2,932	3,585	9,	,42	•
	bushels/acre	17.6	22.1	22.2	27.1	25.2	29.2
Tobacco	acres	25,935	•	9	,6	4,36	
	1000xpounds	34,008	3	33,309	28,565	29,276	9
	pounds/acre	1,311	•	1,724	9	,03	•
Hay	acres	200,004	•	221,456	,2	,55	4,
	tons, dry	239,748	97,	308,955	97,5	14,89	10,
	tons/acre	1.20	1.49	1.39	1.76	1.74	1.69
Other tame	acres						152,591
dry hay	tons						,35
	tons/acre						1.63

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Estimated using Class 1-5 farm data.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Due to restrictions in the disclosure of information for individual farms in counties, area and production figures for 1978 may be low.

 $\frac{3}{2}$ State acreages from the Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for underenumeration.

Note: All yields were computed before rounding production to nearest 1000 for applicable crops.

MLRA 121 - Kentucky Bluegrass (Bluegrass)

From 1954 to 1978 land in farms for MLRA 121 decreased by 331,000 acres while total cropland remained very stable at approximately 3.2 million acres, 35 percent of the state's total cropland (table 18). Harvested cropland followed the state's re-expansion pattern to show 1.1 million acres in 1978.

With the focus of the Bluegrass area on the horse racing industry and livestock operations, the most significant factor is the amount of total cropland in cropland pasture. In 1978, nearly 60 percent (1.9 of 3.3 million acres) of total cropland was in cropland pasture while harvested cropland accounted for only 22 percent of land in farms.

Thus, it is not surprising in 1978 to find MLRA 121 with 671,000 acres of hay crops (nearly 50 percent of the state) and 40,000 acres in corn-silage (41 percent of the state) (table 19). In addition, the Bluegrass area plants about 50 percent of the state's total tobacco acreage and achieves better than average yields. In 1978, 102,000 acres of tobacco averaged about 2,300 pounds per acre.

The 204,000 acres in corn for grain in 1978 is just about average for the six census points and the yield is generally higher than the average state yield. Soybeans acreage, although increased nearly 9 fold, amounted to only 37,000 acres in 1978.

Table 13 - Land in farms and agricultural land use in MLRA 121 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Surface area -- 6,165,760 acres

	1954	. 1959	1964	1969	1974	1978
Land in farms	5,185,490	5,223,703	acres 5,079,018	5,114,426	4,737,588	4,854,404
Total cropland	3,245,787	3,229,996	3,157,892	3,330,851	3,058,279	3,256,995
Harvested	1,209,730	1,083,420	469,876	850,978	912,662	1,076,428
Cropland pasture	1,892,395	1,965,790	1,929,123	2,163,702	1,949,974	1,913,983
All other cropland	143,662	180,786	250,075	316,171	195,643	266,584
Total woodland	738,636	754,890	739,410	744,107	966,629	775,965
Pastureland and rangeland	941,843	688,646	919,806	682,4402/	667,089 <u>2</u> /	532,414
Other land	259,224	288,928	260,786	357,0282/	332,2242/	289,021
Irrigated land	7,605	6,133	9,359	14,494	7,580	8,2261/

¹ Due to the withholding of data to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms, this inventory acreage is low. ²Estimated.

Table 19-Area, production and yield of major crops in MLRA 121 for Kentucky, 1954-1978

Crop	Unit	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	19782/3/
Corn-grain	acres	299,932	270,298	161,906	140.614	178 098	203 568
	1000xbushels	10,618	13,948	9, 599	11,087	14 835	2,00
	bushels/acre	35.4	51.6	59.3	700611	706+1	100,01
Corn-silage	acres	47,417	35,694	39,402	762,74) ×	29 800
	tons, green	300,908	294,742	459,953	725,4591/	$\frac{1.071.740^{1}}{1.071.740^{1}}$	1 149 391
	tons/acre	6.34	8.26	11.67	15.18	15.24	280
Wheat	acres	55,125	25,516	24,085	19,586	36.729	17,963
	1000xbushels	1,360	527	089	603	1,202	582
	bushels/acre	24.7	20.7	28.3	30.8	32.7	32 4
Soybeans	acres	4,342	4,204	5,407	7.355	14.053	37 76
	1000xbushels	99	91	111	197	333	1 158
	bushels/acre	15.1	21.6	20.6	26.8	23.7	31 -
Tobacco	acres	133,876	104,311	104,213	80.033	95.442	101 546
	1000xpounds	206,673	171,685	190,505	202,018	217,849	230,305
	pounds/acre	1,544	1,646	1,828	2,524	2.283	2,00,000
Нау	acres	518,570	556,701	591,478		533,769	670, 691
	tons, dry	683,858	864,273		938,407	1.005.091	1 236 046
	tons/acre	1.32	1.55	1.66			78 - 26
Other tame	acres						787 787
dry hay	tons						, , , , , , ,
	tons/acre						7 / 6
							101

1/Estimated using Class 1-5 farm data.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Due to restrictions in the disclosure of information for individual farms in counties, area and production figures for 1978

³/_{State} acreages from the Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for

All yields were computed before rounding production to nearest 1000 for applicable crops. Note: All yields were computed Source: Census of Agriculture

-40-

MLRA 122 - Highland Rim and Pennyroyal (Pennyroyal)

From 1954 MLRA 122's land in farms decreased 535,000 acres to 4.5 million acres in 1978 (table 20). Losses in total cropland (-256,000 acres) and woodland (-227,000 acres) were the major components. During the cropland reexpansion of the 1970's, MLRA 122's harvested cropland acreage reached 1.5 million acres or 35 percent of the state's total harvested cropland. Cropland pasture's 187,000 acre loss from 1954 to 1978 accounted for nearly three-fourths of the loss in total cropland.

Corn for grain, with 460,000 acres in 1978, was grown on more acres than any other crop in the Pennyroyal area (table 21). Through 1964, MLRA 122 was the leading corn producer in the state. The 1969-1978 period shows MLRA 122 second in acreage and production to MLRA 120, the Western Coal Fields area.

Average annual SRS data for 1979-1981 shows a gradual shift to MLRA 122 again as the leading corn producer in the state, accomplished through an acreage expansion which reached 526,000 acres in 1981 and more than offset the historic yield advantage which MLRA 120 has demonstrated (Appendix 1, table A). Yields in MLRA 122 have averaged 88 bushels per acre for 1976-1980 while MLRA 120 averaged 93 bushels/acre.

Soybeans were grown on 350,000 acres in 1978 (28 percent of state soybean acreage) with a higher average yield (28-35 bushels/acre) than the state. SRS data shows the soybean acreage to have grown steadily through the 1979-1981 period to reach 520,000 acres in 1981, making MLRA 122 the second leading soybean producing area in the state while moving MLRA 134 to third place (Appendix 1, table C).

Roughly half of the state's wheat production also comes from MLRA 122.

In 1978, 92,000 acres of wheat were grown with an average yield of 36 bushels/
acre.

Historically about 28 percent of tobacco and 34 percent of hay acreage and production in the state has been in the Pennyroyal. The proportionately high acreages in hay crops and corn silage, as in the Bluegrass, are indicative of a strong livestock (cow-calf) industry.

Table 20-Land in farms and agricultural land use in MLRA 122 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Surface area -- 6,607,360 acres

	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	1978
Land in farms	5,050,622	4,993,409	4,858,494	4,866,005	4,404,115	4,516,180
Total cropland	3,180,309	3,154,992	2,949,564	2,942,524	2,719,340	2,924,229
Harvested	1,508,544	1,351,500	1,157,099	1,006,457	1,160,750	1,476,216
Cropland pasture	1,408,385	1,439,037	1,385,588	1,480,120	1,388,244	1,194,182
All other cropland	263,380	364,455	406,877	455,947	170,346	221,805
Total woodland	1,316,616	1,304,653	1,279,616	1,239,129	1,057,012	1,090,264
Pastureland and rangeland	298,984	268,760	412,743	$324,138^{2/}$	348,4362/	246,212
Other land	254,713	265,004	214,920	$369,214^{\frac{2}{2}}$	$279,327\frac{2}{}$	255,475
Irrigated land	4,311	1,701	3,691	3,942	1,867	2,5791/

¹Due to the withholding of data to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms, this inventory acreage is low. ²Estimated.

Source: Census of Agriculture.

Table 21 - Area, production and yield of major crops in MLRA 122 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Crop	Unit	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	19782/3/
Corn-grain	0 0 1	300 617	-1 .	- 1			0//1
0	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	(87, 140	261,/48	358,479	289,065	322,119	459 613
	hughel-/-	18,662	25,247	19,205	20,055	25,052	36 02/
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	pusile1s/acre	28.8	6.44	53.6	7 69	0 77	400,000
Corn-silage	acres	24,836	15,012	28.046	39 852	10.0/	\$0°.4
	tons, green	98,138	120,448	307 702	570,072	76,918-	39,466
	tons/acre	3.95	800	70,6707	7/0,174-	×06,821='	1,033,228
Wheat	acres	87.524	70 82/	10.77	14.01	14.18	26.2
	1000xbushels	2 151	7,067	(2,00)	81,291	147,798	91,784
	bushels/acre	2/1/2	7,147	7,426	2,899	4,774	3,324
Sovbeans		24.0	6.97	33.4	35.7	32.3	36.2
	2000 1 1	4,182	6,335	9,800	30,897	201 593	
	Induxbushels	50	142	190	0.50	501,222	250,261
	bushels/acre	11.9	22 4	2 01	000	7,427	10,735
Tobacco	acres	77 654	50 517	4.71	8./7	26.1	30.6
	1000xpounds	117, 200	70,714	6	46,082	48,435	61.236
	compdy (2000	114,407	75,133	118,639	100,308	100,538	125 328
	poullus/acre	1,4/4	1,592		2,177	2006	0776771
l lay	acres	479,906	487.532		1,00 101	6,076	7,047
	tons, dry	510,188	710,011	10	101,074	1,2/	499,065
	tons/acre	1 06		0	/64,/31		934,765
Other tame	acres	0	1.40	1.53	1.79	1.91	1.87
dry hay)						767 738
(5)	SI COILS						_
	tons/acre						116,460
							1.73

¹/Estimated using Class 1-5 farm data.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Due to restrictions in the disclosure of information for individual farms in counties, area and production figures for 1978

³/_{State} acreages from the Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for

Note: All yields were computed before rounding production to nearest 1000 for applicable crops. Source: Census of Agriculture

MLRA 125 - Cumberland Plateau and Mountains (Mountains)

With a focus on energy extraction and forestry industries and with severe topographic and soils limitations constraining commercial agriculture, land in farms in MLRA 125 decreased more than 2 million acres from 1954 to just 1.7 million acres in 1978 (table 22). Only 36 percent or 605,000 acres of the land in farms was cropland and only 29 percent or 177,000 acres of cropland was classified as harvested. This was the smallest harvested cropland area for any of the MLRAs in the state, even though the MLRA 125 has the greatest surface area. Hay crops with 112,000 acres accounted for 63 percent of harvested cropland in 1978 (table 23).

In 1978, the Mountains' second most land using crop was corn for grain with 31,000 acres, just 2 percent of the state total with usually much lower than state average yields (75-90 bushels per acre). Tobacco's 21,000 acres in 1978 was 10 percent of the state total, also with much lower than average yields (2000-2300 pounds per acre).

SRS data for 1978-1981 show some increases in corn acreage and production but MLRA 125's proportion of the state's totals still remain very small (Appendix 1, table A).

Table 22 - Land in farms and agricultural land use in MLRA 125 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Surface area -- 7,431,680 acres

	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	1978
Land in farms	3,705,224	3,072,805	acres 2,631,575	2,248,969	1,775,578	1,680,945
Total cropland	1,327,445	1,020,178	817,561	732,216	642,047	605,087
Harvested	446,981	342,538	238,761	160,773	168,926	176,565
Cropland pasture	552,309	441,249	367,011	406,450	389,270	302,129
All other cropland	328,155	236,391	211,789	164,993	83,851	126,393
Total woodland	1,943,995	1,669,429	1,466,400	1,081,104	826,421	831,840
Pastureland and rangeland	308,272	244,409	233,253	$226,238^{2/}$	$145,926^{2/}$	118,479
Other land	125,512	138,789	113,943	$209,411\frac{2}{}$	$161,184^{2/}$	124,190
Irrigated land	229	411	135	171	321	5361/

¹Due to the withholding of data to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms, this inventory acreage is low. ²Estimated.

Table 23 -Area, production and yield of major crops in MLRA 125 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Crop	Unit	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	19782/3/
Corn-grain	acres 1000xbushels	191,921	135,773	56,266	29,243	40,293	30,668
Corn-silage	bushels/acre acres tons, green	32.6 2,816 7,332	39.6 2,081 13,002	49.9 4,852 43,578	68.2 5,446 80,530 <u>1</u> /	· 8 / V	83.8 4,738 108,861
Wheat	acres 1000xbushels	1,916	881 18	· 80 ~ 4	2 (1.6	538
Soybeans	acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre	825 13 16.3	989	56 56 1	24 24 27 77	· 1 0	3,093
Tobacco	acres 1000xpounds pounds/acre	25,536 40,732 1,595	20,274 32,851	19,318	1 ~ ~ .	16,014	$\sim \sim \sim$
Нау	acres tons, dry tons/acre	181,636 186,426 1.03		143,342 161,159	11 11 66	,82 ,22 ,22	111,757 170,180
Other tame dry hay	acres tons tons/acre						86,118 127,064 1.48

1/Estimated using Class 1-5 farm data.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Due to restrictions in the disclosure of information for individual farms in counties, area and production figures for 1978 may be low.

 $\frac{3}{2}$ State acreages from the Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for underenumeration.

Note: All yields were computed before rounding production to nearest 1000 for applicable crops. Census of Agriculture Source:

MLRA 134 - Southern Mississippi Valley Silty Uplands (Purchase Area)

The Purchase Area has nearly a million acres of land in farms over a surface area of just 1.6 million acres (table 24). In 1978, nearly 80 percent (793,000 acres) of land in farms was cropland and nearly 80 percent (629,000 acres) of cropland was harvested.

The 1954 to 1978 period shows MLRA 134's total cropland decreasing 52,000 acres while harvested cropland increased 203,000 acres, largely from conversion of cropland pasture to harvested cropland. This large increase in harvested cropland can be explained by the emergence and subsequent dominance of commodity production by soybeans. Soybean acreage increased from 34,000 to 391,000 acres during this period, thus displacing some acreage from other crops and monopolizing the cropland pasture conversion (table 25). Soybean yields generally range from 25 to 32 bushels per acre in MLRA 134, the third largest producing area of the state. More recent 1978-1981 SRS annual data shows that soybean acreage has continued to increase, reaching nearly half-a-million acres in the Purchase Area (Appendix 1, table C).

The SRS 1979-1981 annual data for winter wheat also shows record high acreage in each successive year as more and more farmers successfully double crop wheat with soybeans (Appendix 1, table B). Yields are generally ranging from 35 to 40 bushels per acre. More than 175,000 acres of winter wheat were produced in 1981.

Corn yields generally ranged from 80 to 105 bushels per acre. Acreage in corn production has averaged about 160,000 acres for the five year 1977-1981 period (Appendix 1, table A).

Table 24-Land in farms and agricultural land use in MLRA 134 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

acres
1,621,120 a
1
Surface area

	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	1978
Land in farms	1,211,681	1,072,356	1,052,178	1,043,421	986,885	999,428
Total cropland	850,675	775,330	773,102	742,667	737,414	792,507
Harvested	456,408	366,848	322,848	365,514	510,108	629,348
Cropland pasture	319,434	278,956	302,933	235,645	178,059	119,502
All other cropland	104,833	129,526	147,321	141,508	49,247	43.657
Total woodland	211,641	172,151	165,163	159,769	121,453	117.346
Pastureland and rangeland	65,486	47,854	50,118	52,8692/	57,6342/	28.110
Other land	83,879	77,021	494,69	$88,116^{\frac{2}{2}}$	70,3842/	61,465
Irrigated land	332	286	317	181	337	9661/

¹Due to the withholding of data to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms, this inventory acreage is low. ²Estimated.

Source: Census of Agriculture.

Table 25-Area, production and yield of major crops in MLRA 134 for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

Corn-grain acres 224,848 1000xbushels 5,249 bushels/acre 33.3 Corn-silage tons, green 42,856 tons/acre 11,799 acres 18,140 acres 18,140 bushels/acre 24.6 Soybeans acres 14,251 Tobacco-2/bushels/acre 15.0 acres 1000xbushels 506 bushels/acre 15.0 acres 1000xpounds 15,823 pounds/acre 1,110 Aay acres 64,796 tons, dry 75,711 tons/acre 1.17	Unit	1954	1959	1964	1969	1974	19782/3/
1000xbushels bushels/acre acres tons, green tons/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds tons, dry tons, dry tons/acre acres tons, dry	acres	224,848	184.217	111 942	83 100		6
bushels/acre acres tons, green tons/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 100	1000xbushels	5,249	7,7	4 4		6,006	
tons, green tons/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 1000xpounds 15 tons, dry tons, dry tons/acre acres tons tons tons	bushels/acre	23.3	42.1	7,617	0,004		9,753
tons, green tons/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 15 pounds/acre 1 acres tons, dry tons, dry tons/acre acres tons/acre tons tons	acres	11,799	8,104	10 746	0 07/	- C	9
tons/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 1000xpound	tons, green	42,856	34,075	90,748	96,0741/	/,004 <u>1</u> /	7
acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 1000xpou	tons/acre	3.63	4.	77 8	00,00	000	
1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 15 pounds/acre 1 acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons/acre tons	acres	18,140	14,700	21.424	20011	17.27	7 1
bushels/acre acres 33 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 15 pounds/acre 1 acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons tons	1000xbushels	844	335	l	27/6/12	1 7 1 1	76-
acres 1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 15 pounds/acre acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons/acre acres tons/acre	bushels/acre	24.6	22.8	33.5	30.2	78.7	2 L
1000xbushels bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds 15, pounds/acre 1, acres tons, dry tons/acre 1, tons/acre 1, tons/acre 1, tons/acre 1, tons/acre 1, tons/acre 1,	acres	33,752	36,559	58,637	168,121		7 0
bushels/acre acres 1000xpounds pounds/acre acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons/acre	1000xbushels	506	00			1 1	O V
acres 1000xpounds pounds/acre acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons/acre	bushels/acre	15.0	22.8	21.6	27 1		10
1000xpounds pounds/acre acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons	acres	14,251	9,595	9.741	5 989	4	7
pounds/acre acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons	1000xpounds	15,823	13,573	14.612	10,101	-	0,4
acres tons, dry tons/acre acres tons	pounds/acre	1,110	1,415		10,00	0,0/1	12,/89
tons, dry tons/acre acres tons	acres	964,796	9,25	76,597	55,603	•	ر ا م ر م
	tons, dry	75,711	99,763	3	101 825	<u> </u>	0,
	tons/acre	1.17	177		4	۲,	٥, ر
	acres				1.00	1.71	(
	tons						, 6
tons/acre	tons/acre						8,5
							1.64

½/Estimated using Class 1-5 farm data.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Due to restrictions in the disclosure of information for individual farms in counties, area and production figures for 1978

³/_{State} acreages from the 'Census of Agriculture for 1978 are the sum of individual county totals and are not adjusted for

Note: All yields were computed before rounding production to nearest 1000 for applicable crops. Source: Census of Agriculture Cattle and calves in Kentucky increased from 1.7 million to 2.5 million animals from 1954 to 1978 (table 26). From 1954 to 1964, cattle and calves increased nearly one million animals. Inventory numbers have fluctuated in recent years. The cow/calf industry accounts for the fluctuations from census to census as milk cows have steadily decreased from 557,000 in 1954 to 258,000 in 1978. The cow/calf and the dairy industries are centered MLRA 121, the Bluegrass, and MLRA 122, the Pennyroyal (Chart 7). In 1978, 87 percent of the state's milk cows and 78 percent of other cattle and calves were in the Bluegrass and Pennyroyal.

Pigs and hogs numbers for the census years 1954-1978 have fluctuated around one million animals, with the Pennyroyal as the largest producer. Sheep and lambs dwindled to 26,000 animals, barely 5 percent of the 1954 level. Chicken numbers have remained fairly stable over the million mark only in MLRA 125, the Mountains.

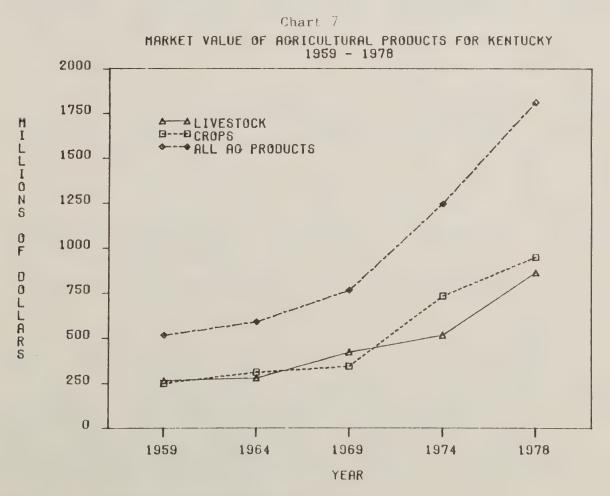


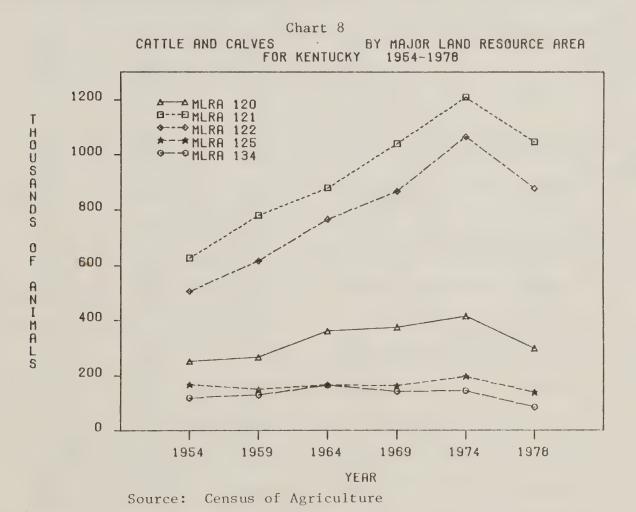
Table 26--Livestock and poultry numbers by MLRA for Kentucky, 1954-1978.

. 1978	100 100 87 133	0 7 7 0 7 7 6	331 459 35, 35, 115	22	70* 168* 515* 1060* 1833*
1974	415 1210 1067 197 145	03 09 09 11 10 10 10 10 10	26 32 32 39 89	35.2 44.5	406* 393 524 1201 79
: 1969 :	Thousands 376 1041 868 163	35 91 14 11 12 28 28	Namu a a	4.4 96.9 12.7 1.8 2.7	586 631 846 3200 3200
7951 :	362 880 767 167	mty000m t	299 256 385 47 111 1098	9.3 146.9 20.7 2.9 4.5	591 1023 1088 229 3786
1959	267 781 617 151 131	t mostoom	353 441 596 106 158 1654	28.6 421.4 73.9 10.2 12.1 546.2	796 1462 1657 1204 353
1954	252 626 506 168	11 8 8 8 8 111	231 275 364 100 100	32.6 391.3 87.4 87.6 8.6 16.0 535.9	1148 1938 2389 1596 495 7566
Carlo Dan	MERA 120 121 122 125 134 State		Pigs and Hogs MLRA 120 121 122 125 134 State	Sheep and Lambs MLRA 120 121 122 125 134 State	Chickens

Source: Census of Agriculture.* Low due to disclosure restrictions

State

The market value of agricultural products rose very rapidly during the 1970's reaching \$1.8 billion in 1978 (table 27, chart 8). This value increase includes increases in production and increases in commodity prices. The 1978 figures show \$949 million in crops with \$500 million in tobacco sales from farms with sales of \$2500 or more. The \$864 million value of production from livestock accounted for the remainder of the 1978 total.



Data from the Statistical Reporting Service shows steady increases in agricultural market value beyond 1978 reaching \$2.8 billion in 1981. The SRS figures for 1981 are divided, \$1,420 million in crops with \$913 million in tobacco sales and \$1,360 million in livestock.

 $^{^{}m l}$ Historically, SRS figures are higher than those from the Census of Agriculture. For example, SRS shows the 1978 value of crop production at \$1,374 million with tobacco sales of 608 million.

Table 27. Market value of agricultural products for all farms by MLRA for Kentucky, 1959-1978.

	1959	1964	1969 million dollar	1974 s	1978
MLRA 120					
All agricultural products	66	83	115	225	3 03
Crops (Tobacco) ²	20	44	51 (13)	150 (27)	193
Livestock, poultry	37	39	64	75	(40) 110
MLRA 121					
All agricultural products	228	247	320	474	7 05
Crops 2	114	131	151	267	321
(Tobacco) ²			(118)	(213)	(261)
Livestock, poultry	114	116	169	207	384
MLRA 122					
All agricultural products	150	176	227	37 0	567
Crops	69	90	91	199	279
(Tobacco) ²			(50)	(95)	(140)
Livestock, poultry	81	86	136	171	288
MLRA 125					
All agricultural products	3 9	44	49	71	96
Crops 2	23	27	26	41	54
(Tobacco) ²			(13)	(26)	(41)
Livestock, poultry	16	17	23	31	42
MLRA 134					
All agricultural products	33	39	54	108	142
Crops 2	15	18	24	76	102
(Tobacco) ²			(5)	(8)	(18)
Livestock, poultry	18	21	30	32	40
State					
All agricultural products	516	589	765	1248	1813
Crops 2	250	310	343	732	949
(Tobacco) ²			(199)	(370)	(500)
Livestock, poultry	266	279	422	516	864

¹ Excludes forest products.

²For farms with sales of \$2500 or more.

MLRA Highlights

MLRA 121, the Bluegrass, has the largest contribution to market value in both crops and livestock for the state. In 1978, the Bluegrass had \$321 million in crops with \$261 million in tobacco sales and \$384 million in livestock. The second largest was MLRA 122, the Pennyroyal, with \$279 million in crops with \$140 million in tobacco sales and \$288 million in livestock. For crops excluding tobacco in 1978, the Western Coal Fields (MLRA 120), the Pennyroyal, and the Purchase Area (MLRA 134) generated the greatest market value with \$153, \$139 and \$84 million, respectively.

Costs and Prices

The most recent cost-price squeeze in farming is readily apparent from an inspection of the indexed prices (tables 28 and 29). From 1978 to 1981, fertilizer cost increases ranged from 26 to 58 percent, fuel costs more than doubled, feed costs averaged a 37 percent increase, barbed wire and baler twine show respective 39 and 91 percent increases, machinery increases averaged 28 percent, hired field and livestock workers' wages increased 32 percent, the cost of renting cropland increased 25 percent and the average per acre value of land and buildings increased 39 percent.

In contrast, corn and soybeans, which accounted for 2.6 of 4.5 million acres of harvested cropland, showed an 8 percent increase and a 5 percent decrease, respectively, in market prices. Wheat prices increased only 11 percent. With costs increased in the neighborhood of 40 percent and market

The actual costs paid and prices received for selected inputs and products are included in Appendix 3. Prices presented here are selected 1970-1981 prices paid (costs) and prices received, indexed to 1978.

.(00) Table 28 . Index of prices paid by farmers for selected production inputs in Kentucky, 1970-1981 (1978

1974 1975 1976 1974 1975 1976 1.00 1.15 .98 1.08 1.20 1.01 1.10 1.31 1.00 1.15 1.33 .95 1.14 1.43 1.07 1.11 1.30 1.00 1.88 .97 .94 1.71 .77 .91 1.90 .94 .93 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.90 .97 1.02 1.90 .94 .93 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.91 .82 .888 1.92 2.25 .95 1.92 2.25 .95 1.93 .77 .82 1.94 .86 1.95 .77 .82 1.97 .88	ed production inputs in 1974 1975 1976 197 1.00 1.15 .98 1.00 1.08 1.20 1.01 1.01 1.15 1.31 1.00 1.00 1.14 1.43 1.07 1.00 1.15 1.33 .95 1.00 1.19 1.07 1.00 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.00 1.90 .78 .93 1.11 1.90 .78 .95 .96 1.92 2.25 .95 .96 1.93 1.01 .99 1.94 .86 .94 1.95 .77 .82 .96 1.96 .78 1.01 .99 1.07 .88 .88 .99 1.08 .88 .88 .99 1.01 .98 .98 1.01 .99 .98 1.01 .98 .98 1.01 .88 .88 .98 1.01 .88 .88 .98	ed production inputs in Kentucky, 1976 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 197 1.00 1.15 .98 1.04 1.00 1.1 1.08 1.20 1.01 1.03 1.00 1.0 1.15 1.31 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.0 1.11 1.30 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.0 1.12 1.30 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.0 1.13 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.0 1.14 1.43 1.07 1.09 1.00 1.0 1.15 1.30 1.00 1.02 1.0 1.16 1.49 1.97 1.00 1.0 1.17 1.02 1.02 1.0 1.18 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.00 1.1 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.00 1.10 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.00 1.10 1.22 2.25 .95 .94 1.00 1.10 1.23 1.24 .86 .94 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.24 .86 .81 .89 1.00 1.00 1.25 .81 .89 1.00 1.00 1.26 .69 .81 .89 1.00 1.00	ed production inputs in Kentucky, 197 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 197 1.00 1.15 .98 1.04 1.00 1. 1.10 1.31 1.00 1.02 1.00 1. 1.11 1.30 1.00 1.02 1.00 1. 1.11 1.30 1.00 1.02 1.00 1. 1.12 1.33 1.887 1.000 1.000 1. 1.21 1.39 1.02 1.02 1.00 1. 1.22 1.23 1.87 1.00 1.00 1. 1.39 1.04 1.95 1.01 1.02 1.00 1. 1.48 1.78 1.01 1.02 1.00 1. 1.48 1.84 1.95 1.96 1.00 1. 1.48 1.84 1.86 1.94 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.81 1.89 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1. 1.64 1.69 1.00 1.
100 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	100 inputs in inputs in inputs in inputs in incoming inco	10n inputs in Kentucky, 1976 1 1.01 1 1.02 1 1.01 1 1.00 1 1.02 1 1.00 1 1.02 1 1.00 1 1.02 1 1.00 1 1.02 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.00 1 1.01	10n inputs in Kentucky, 1970-1981 (1) 5 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1 108 1.04 1.00 1.12 1.35 1 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.01 1.18 3 1.07 1.09 1.00 1.02 1.34 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.02 1.35 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.16 1.36 1.01 1.02 1.00 1.16 1.36 1.02 1.02 1.00 1.10 1.318 1.916 1.02 1.02 1.00 1.10 1.318 1.916 1.03 1.01 1.02 1.00 1.10 1.38 1.01 1.02 1.00 1.10 1.38 1.01 1.02 1.00 1.10 1.22 1.02 1.03 1.00 1.10 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.00 1.16 1.22 1.01 .93 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.15
		s in Kentucky, 1976 1977 1978 197 1.04 1.00 1.1 1.02 1.00 1.00 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.02 1.00 1.1 1.03 1.00 1.1 1.04 1.00 1.1 1.05 1.00 1.1 1.05 1.00 1.1 1.07 1.00 1.1 1.08 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.09 1.00 1.1 1.00 1.00 1.1 1.00 1.00 1.00	s in Kentucky, 1970-1981 (1 1977 1978 1979 1980 1.04 1.00 1.12 1.35 1.02 1.00 1.05 1.29 1.02 1.00 1.05 1.36 1.04 1.00 1.05 1.36 1.04 1.00 1.14 1.33 1.05 1.00 1.14 1.33 1.01 1.02 1.10 1.26 1.02 1.00 1.14 1.33 1.01 1.03 1.10 1.26 1.02 1.00 1.10 1.22 974 1.00 2.111 1.18 1.11 1.00 2.111 1.18 1.01 1.00 1.10 1.22 94 1.00 1.16 1.23 95 1.00 1.16 1.22 96 1.00 1.16 1.22 97 1.00 1.16 1.22 97 1.00 1.16 1.22

Index of prices received by farmers for selected commodities and livestock in Kentucky, 1970-1981. Table 29.

prices increased only about 10 percent, the net return position for corn, wheat and soybean producers has deteriorated. In many instances, farmers may be unable to cover their variable costs because of heavy indebtedness from farm expansion and equipment purchases and equity investment in farm real estate. Farmers' inability to cover variable costs in recent years has resulted in unprecedented numbers of foreclosures and farm sales.

Fertilizer Usel

Nutrients

From 1976 to 1981, use of nitrogen per acre on the combined acreage of corn, wheat, tobacco and hay crops generally increased from approximately 90 to 100 pounds per acre (table 30). In the same period, average annual use of phosphorus and potassium on corn, wheat, tobacco, hay and soybean crops has decreased. Use of phosphorous (pounds per acre) has decreased from the high to low 50's while potassium use had decreased from the high to low 60's.

General trends in fertilizer use by MLRA are not as clear. In a very broad sense each of the MLRAs follow the pattern of the state. At the regional level, factors other than just the harvested acreage of specific crops begin to surface. Some of those factors which may influence fertilizer use are the soils, the mix of crops being grown, farm practices, costs of substitutes, cost of the fertilizers, expected yield responses, expected price of products, adaptation of guideline recommendations, etc.

The background data for this section and tables 29 and 30 is included in Appendices 1 and 2. Appendix 1 data is harvested acreage of major crops by MLRA, 1969-1981. Appendix 2 data is fertilizer sales by MLRA and Kentucky for 1976-1981.

Table 30. Average annual nitrogen, phosphate and Potash uses per acre by MLRA for Kentucky, 1976-1981.

			2 9			
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
			pounds per	r acre		
MLRA 120						
Nitrogen	117.6	124,0	110.6	113.4	121.9	118.5
Phosphorous	56.8	57.4	51.6	52.1	48.1	47.7
Potassium	64.7	66.8	63.1	65.3	57.4	56.8
100001011	0467	0010	0012	0343	3, , ,	30.0
MLRA 121						
Nitrogen	66.9	78.5	64.9	69.7	69.3	83.4
Phosphorous	44.3	47.1	40.2	42.4	36.4	41.6
Potassium	64.3	67.0	60.7	60.0	58.4	65.4
MLRA 122						
Nitrogen	90.4	97.5	92.5	93.7	95.2	95.4
Phosphorous	66.6	71.3	66.1	67.8	61.6	60.1
Potassium	69.3	69.7	69.5	71.4	66.2	61.9
MLRA 125						
Nitrogen	82.7	94.4	85.5	87.5	82.0	108.1
Phosphorous	84.8	90.6	86.7	88.7	74.8	85.2
Potassium	83.2	89.9	83.9	82.4	77.4	86.8
MLRA 134						
Nitrogen	115.3	170.5	160.1	143.7	168.8	148.0
Phosphorous	49.0	66.0	58.6	51.8	56.3	43.7
Potassium	58.5	80.3	73.2	68.2	76.1	60.3
TOCASSIGN	3013	30.3		V = V =	, , , _	3073
State						
Nitrogen	91.6	104.3	93.2	94.0	98.8	100.6
Phosphorous	57.3	62.4	56.3	56.7	52.4	51.1
Potassium	66.1	70.6	67.0	67.3	64.1	61.4

Total amount of primary N, P and K available was calculated from semi-annual, fertilizer year (July 1-June 30) sales data. Annual wheat, corn, tobacco and hay acreage were summed to compute average annual N use. Soybeans acreage was added in to compute average annual P and K use.

Source: Fertilizer sales data - Division of Reulatory Services, Agricultural
Experiment Station, College of Agriculture,
University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky.

Cropland acreage - Kentucky Crop and Livestock Reporting Service,
Statistical Reporting Service, USDA, Louisville, Kentucky.

Major Sources of Nutrients

For Kentucky, the three major sources of nitrogen are ammonium nitrate (33/34-0-0), anhydrous ammonia (82-0-0) and urea (45/46-0-0) (table 31). Triple superphosphate (0-44/46-0) and muriate of potash (0-0-50/52) are the major sources of phosphorous and potassium. Mixed fertilizers are dominated by (18-46-0), (5-10-15) and (10-10-10).

Soils

Class/Subclass

Acres of soils by capability class/subclass groupings by MLRA for Kentucky are presented in table 32.1 The capability classes are soil groups which have progressively greater risks of soil damage or limitation in uses from class I to class VIII. The subclasses designate a major conservation problem, i.e., e for erosion and runoff, w for excess water, s for root-zone limitations and c for climatic conditions. Those soils with few if any limitations for commercial plant production are called prime farmland soils and are generally class/subclasses I, IIe, IIs, IIw, and IIIw soils for Kentucky.²

Overall, the soils with erosion as the major conservation problem constitute 15.9 million of the 25.2 million acres of Kentucky soils. The IIe, IIIe and IVe soils, where most cropland activity is located, account for 9.4 million acres.³

¹See Land-Capability Classification, Ag. Handbook No. 210, Soil Conservation Service, USDA for detailed information about soils classification.

²See Prime Farmland Soils of Kentucky, KY 42-9-4, Soil Conservation Service, Lexington, Kentucky, May 9, 1975.

³A full examination of erosion by major land use and class/subclass using 1977 data is found in the Soil Conservation Service's The Kentucky Outlook From the National Resources Inventory, Lexington, Kentucky, KY-SB-1, August 1981. An update using 1982 data is forthcoming.

Table 31. Sources of primary nutrients and percent of state use by MLRA for Kentucky, 1981.

Percent of State	23 10 30	, 46 31 13	40 39 25	18	20	tons 126,000 106,000 79,000 29,000
Mixed Fertilizer P Compound	18-46-0 5-10-15 6-24-24	5-10-15 10-10-10 18-46-0	18-46-0 10-10-10 5-10-15	5-10-15	18-46-0	18-46-0 5-10-15 10-10-10 6-24-24
Percent of State	58	16	33	2	21	tons 155,000
	muriate of potash	muriate of potash	muriate of potash	muriate of potash	muriate of potash	tons 58,000 muriate of potash
Percent of State	33	14	41	7	10	tons 58,000 m
Primary phosphorus Percent of Primary potassium Source	triple superphosphate	triple superphosphate	triple superphosphate	triple superphosphate	triple superphosphate	triple superphosphate
Percent of State	51 45 28	42	33 40 40	ω	10 14 20	tons 183,000 48,000 53,000 59,000
Primary Nitrogen Percent of Source State	anhydrous ammonia nitrogen solutions urea	armonium nitrate nitrogen solutions	ammonium nitrate anhydrous ammonia urea	armonium nitrate	armonium nitrate anhydrous armonia urea	ammonium nitrate anhydrous ammonia urea nitrogen solutions
	MLRA 120	MLRA 121	MLRA 122	MLRA 125	MLRA 134	State

Source: Division of Regulatory Services, Agricultural Experiment Station, College of Agriculture, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky.

Table 32--Class/subclass soil groupings by MLRA for Kentucky.

	: 120	: 121	MLRA 122	. 125	. 134	. State
			ac	res	•	•
I	288,393	300,417	320,332	124,596	213,127	1,246,865
IIe	718,485	1,116,952	1,397,538	161,505	362,443	3,756,923
IIIe	459,156	1,081,484	1,261,432	338,603	172,786	3,313,461
IVe	463,952	711,249	737,316	277,111	127,571	2,317,199
VIe	434,907	1,106,437	671,810	402,790	111,736	2,727,680
VIIe	238,963	790,797	558,170	2,145,179	91,076	3,824,185
e subtotal	2,315,463	4,806,919	4,626,266	3,325,188	865,612	15,939,448
IIs	23,568	33,687	67,412	37,909	11,592	174,168
IIIs	3,038	2,209	1,122	28,259	5,373	40,001
IVs	314	316	13,870	860	1,598	16,958
Vs	_	532	****	-	_	532
VIs	26,152	105,186	202,789	112,897	2,920	449,944
VIIs	332,040	435,362	736,917	3,546,031	24,863	5,075,213
VIIIs	806	2,990	3,684	8,283	_	15,763
s subtotal	385,918	580,282	1,025,794	3,734,239	46,346	5,772,579
IIw	464,177	82,188	171,332	170,419	158,580	1,046,696
IIIw	342,324	113,230	144,337	44,987	196,326	841,204
IVw	9,935	36,837	29,063	6,917	49,158	131,910
Vw	3,085	6,500	_	_		9,585
VIw	295	-	~	_	_	295
VIIw	11,089	1,300		_	_	12,389
v subtotal	830,905	240,055	344,732	222,323	404,064	2,042,079
Other	54,792	48,052	18,026	14,390	29,315	164,575
Water	7,744	3,305	9,760	6,130	4,180	31,119
Total	3,883,215	5,979,030	6,344,910	7,426,866	1,562,644	25,196,665

Source: As of 1/12/83, Soil Surveys for 63 counties and 1970 Kentucky Soil and Water Conservation Needs Inventory for 57 counties, Soil Conservation Service, Lexington, Kentucky.

Prime Farmland

In 1979, 85 percent or 6 out of 7 million acres of potential prime farm-land were still in farms (table 33). MLRAs 120, 121, and 122 cumulatively accounted for 81 percent of all prime farmland. In MLRA 134, the Purchase Area, nearly 50 percent of all soils are prime farmland. It was estimated in 1979 that 120,000 acres of prime farmland had been lost to urban uses in the last 10 years. Most of the latter loss was in the Bluegrass where the major urban centers of Kentucky are located.

Prime farmland acreage and prime farmland removals by MLRA for Kentucky, January 1980. Table 33--

	Potential		Removals		Prime	rstilliated rithe rathband
	Prime Farmland	Urban <u>1</u> /	$Flooding^{2/}$ Drainage $^{3/}$	Other 4/	Farmland	Lost Over Last 10 Years to Urban Uses
MLRA 120	1,855,113	58,197	62,878 94,083	15,416	1,624,539	8,896
MLRA 121	1,655,587	180,365	(138,610)	(+3,383)	1,339,995	70,601
MLRA 122	2,110,483	67,003	65,316 93,086	(+523)	1,885,601	20,113
MLRA 125	540,427	24,087	(118,842)	(+3,797)	401,295	15,326
M LRA 134	891,166	35,672	59,325 35,354	3,115	757,700	4,845
-64 Kentucky	7,052,776	365,324	(667,494)	10,828	6,009,130	119,781

Soil Conservation Service, Kentucky Inventory and Monitoring Bulletin No. KY 42-9-7, "Acreage of Prime Farmland in Kentucky by Counties," August 13, 1979. Source:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ /Larger than 10 acres. $\frac{2}{3}$ /More than once in two years.

 $\frac{3}{2}$ Inadequate three or more years in ten.

 $\frac{\mu}{-}$ Water impoundments, mined acreage and Federal non-cropland.

Appendix 1

Area, Production and Yields

for Major Crops

by MLRA for Kentucky

1969-1981

08/15/83

DATE.

CORN GRAIN

9 6 6	4 2 3 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	273150	526200 53340 401	1 RV 2 Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	15450C 1549C 100	487000 148915 100	+ 1 1 1 ·
1980	509400 37802 74	259100 21862 84	499600	50500	160400	103533	+ H + H + H + H
1979	451600	235500	455200 46399 102	38700	117200	1298200	+ S
1978	495900 45235 91	218200	488600 40546 83	36600	168300 10667 63	1407600	+=+=+=+=+=+ R COMMODITI
1977	519900 48008 92	226200 21273 94	488700 42660 87	1 44 60 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	188400 16373 87	1467800	BUSHELS FOR ALL OTHER
1976	47 1800 48400 103	206900 20419	435000	1 4 4 8 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	198000 20949 106	1360000	+=+=+=+ ELS FOR
1975	401500	207500	376000 25078 67	48500 3648 75	106500	1140000	+=+=+=+=+ AND BUSHELS
1974	378500 31908 84	204500 17636 86	358700 28568 80	49200 3340 68	84 100 6695	1075000 88150 82	=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+
1973	34 120 34 1000 29505 87	121 121 196100 17214 88	RA 122 354100 29667 84	RA 125 48900 3726 76	LRA 134 69900 5736 82	KENTUCKY 1010000 85850 85	+=+=+ TONS
1972	329600 29384 89	L FOR L 190800 16516 87	FOR L 332300 27924 84	L FOR L 50600 3778 75	6470C 5644 87	L FOR 968000 83248 86	+ -
1971	390000 31239 80	TOTA 214000 16397 77	TOTAL 398700 3 30277	60800 3869 64	TOTA 119500 9307 78	77 - TOTA	+ = + = + = + = + = + = + = + = + = + =
1970	318800 14368 45	174600	354700 18291 52	45200	94700	988000	+=+=+= UNITS AR
1969	313700 24901 79	177000	362100 26931 74	46400	98800	998000	+=+=+=+ ==+=+=+==+====================
DATA TYPE	ACRES PRODUCTION VIELD (BU.)	ACRES PRODUCTION VIELD (BU.)	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	ACRES PRODUCTION VIELD (BU.)	-+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=
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MLRA	120	121	1 20	1 10 1 7 1 7	134	1	+ = + = UN

NOTE: ALL PRODUCTION IS IN THOUSANDS - UNITS ARE LBS FOR TOBACCO, TONS FOR HAY AND BUSHELS FOR ALL OTHER COMMODITIES SOURCE: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

000	1001	1	141700 5676 40		00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	# ! !	320100 13917 43	4 1 9	000	1	176400 7550 444	1 1 4	675700 28404 42
E: 08/	1980))	64300 2476 39	1 1 1	32200 1216 38	1	170200 6974	1	000	1	78600 2995 388	1	345300 13664 40
DATE	1979	1	52 100 2030 39	1	25800 940 36	1	139600 5468 39	1	000	1	66900 2397 36	1	284400 10837 38
	1978	1 F	26600 959 36	1	16900 563 33	1	97300 3580 37	1	000	i t	35900 1277 36	i i	176700 6380 36
	1977	1 2	51400 1948 38	1 1	23800	f å è	135600 5090 38	1	000	1	58400 2157 37	1 1	269200 9976 37
	1976	1	75400 2222 29	1	30800 940 31	1 1	158900 4871 31	1	700	1	63300 2148 34	1 1	329100 10202 31
	1975	; ;	72900 2473 34	1 1	35800 1195 33	1 1 1	154500 5381 35	1	600	1	55400 1784 32	1 1	319200 10853 34
	1974	1	93100 2972 32	1	39500 1278 32	1	161600 5220 32	1 1	500	1	64200 1821 28	1 1	358900 11306 32
	1973	A 120 -	44800 1461 33	A 121 -	24600 798 32	A 122 -	68300 2446 36	A 125 -	300	134 -	24800 659 27	KENTUCKY -	162800 5376 33
R WHEAT	1972	L FOR LRA	45800 1604 35	L FOR LR	26500 874 33	L FOR LR	102500 3461 34	L FOR LR	200	L FOR LR	39500 1026 26	FOR	214500 6972 33
WINTER	1971	TOTAL	32600 1341 41	TOTAL	25700 973 38	TOTAL	86500 3627 42	TOTA	400 16 40	TOTAL	33500 1188 35	TOTAL	178700
	1970	1 1	30100	1 1	26600 894 34	1 1 1	85000 3296 39	1 1	500 18 36)) (27700 912 33	1 1	169900 6116 36
	1969	2 1 1	31900 1042 33	1 1	26800 836 31	1 1 1	93100 3380 36	1 1 1	400))	30400 938 31	1 1	182600 6208 34
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	MLRA	1	120	ı	121	1	122	ŧ	41-3	1	134	ı	

NOTE: ALL PRODUCTION IS IN THOUSANDS - UNITS ARE LBS FOR TOBACCO, TONS FOR HAY AND BUSHELS FOR ALL OTHER COMMODITIES SOURCE: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

075	1981	f 1 1	612200	1 1	69800 2200 32	8 8 8	520000 16457 32	0 5 8	5300 158 30	1	490800 13547 28	i i	1698100 50090 + = 29	
08/	1980	1 1 1	563500 14730 26	1 1	59400 1783 30	,	494900 11036 22	1 1	5400 147 27		474300 8235 17	1 1		
DATE: PAGE:	1979	1 1' 1	587500 18875 32	1 1	50700 1576 31	1	494900 17076 35	1	4100	;	519200 16186 31	1	357200 1656400 1597500 40714 53842 35933 30 33 22 =+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=+=	
	1978	1 1	499500 15113 30	1 1	39700 1256 32	1 4	386700 12216 32	t t	3000	! !	428300 12039 28	1 1 1	1357200 40714 30 +=+=+=+=+=	
	1977	† †	478500 14957 31	1 1	36900 1121 30	1	401400 12699 32	1 1	2500 79 32	1 1	398 100 11985 30	1 1 1	1317400 1 40842 31 +=+=+=+=+	
	1976	1 1	405700 11512 28	1 1	33900 967 29	1 1	291700 8190 28	1 1	2000	1 1	334800 8131 24	1 1 1	1068100 1 28841 27 +=+=+=+=+	
	1975	1 1	415400 11456 28	1 1	32700 795 24	1 1	277800 7583 27	1 1	1700	1 1 1	371200 9800 26	t 1 1	098800 29675 27 =+=+=+=	
	1974	1	407800 10093 25	1 1	24600 574 23	1 1	244200 6449 26	1 8 1	2400	i i i	340400 7809 23	1 F F	1019400 1 24977 25 =+=+=+=+=+=+	
	1973	RA 120	389900 10249 26	RA 121	15900 411 26	RA 122	230600 6328	RA 125	1800 46 26	RA 134	361000 8946 25	KENTUCKY	999200 25981 26 26	
EANS	1972	L FOR L	344700 9550 28	FOR L	14000 380 27	FOR L	180300 5126 28	L FOR L	1200	FOR L	333400 8501 25	FOR	873600 23588 27 +=+=+=+=+	
SOYBEA	1971	TOTA	309800 8587 28	TOTAL	15700 446 28	TOTAL	97300 3061 31	TOTA	2 100 57 28	TOTAL	278400 8600 31	TOTAL	703300 20754 30 +=+=+=+=	
	1970	1 1 1	314100	† † †	11100	1 1	54200	1 1	800 20 25	1 1	174800 4517 26	8 1 8	555000 14995 27 +=+=+=+=	
	1969	1	283100 8127 29	1 1	9900	t I F	39800 1132 28	1 1 1	850 21 25	1 1 1	149200	f 5 1	482850 +3531 28 +=+=+=+=	
	DATA TYPE	1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	1	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	1 t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (BU.)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	KENTUCKY ACRES 482850 555000 703300 8 PRODUCTION 13531 14995 20754 YIELD (BU.) 28 27 30	
		f f		1 1		t 1 t		t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 .	KENTUCKY ++ ++ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	
	MiRA		£		7		<u></u>	1	;		*** *1		## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	

NUTE: ALL PRODUCTION IS IN THOUSANDS -UNITS ARE LBS FOR TOBACCO, TONS FOR HAY AND BUSHELS FOR ALL OTHER COMMODITIES USCEED.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

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120 ACRES PRODUCT YIELD (
ACRES PRODUCT VIELD ('YELD (1	1 1	1 1	TOT	AL FOR	LRA 120	1 1	1 1	f f f	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1	
121 ACRES PRODUCT YIELD (ION LBS.)	16025 32975 2058	14030 32491 2316	14290 30324 2122	15285 36053 2359	14185 25930 1828	15890 35003 2203	17250 37021 2146	17680 38717 2190	17490 36314 2076	17410 40030 2299	15153 26860 1773	17509 34823 1989	20-224 425-27 20-35
ACRES PRODUCT YIELD (1	1 1	1 1	TOT	AL FOR LE	LRA 121	1 1	1 1 1	š 1 f	1 1 2 1	f 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1
ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (YIELD (S.)	82995 229646 2767	75230 211708 2814	75845 181415 2392	82370 226842 2754	78270 160760 2054	94250 240312 2550	98770 232733 2356	101350 262596 2591	94650 232444 2456	90110 228147 2532	81640 169225 2073	98100 221673 2260	25 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (125 ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (134 ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (YIELD (YIELD (YIELD (YIELD (YIELD (YIELD (1	1 1 1	t t	TOT	AL FOR LR	RA 31122	1 1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	t 1 1	1
125 ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (S.).	49510 117153 2366	45270 115196 2545	46145 102226 2215	49120 124352 2532	46110 89734 1946	52285 119699 2289	56415 127890 2267	58390 133718 2290	56150 124274 2213	57230 135884 2374	50977 100702 1975	55294 108955 1970	668CC 143627 2150
ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	TOT.	AL FOR LE	LRA 125	1 1	1 1 1	t 1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1
ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (ION LBS.)	17115 42028 2456	16470 41507 2520	16575 30096 1816	19020 47837 2515	18180 36103 1986	20910 46113 2205	21765 47246 2171	22090 50702 2295	19770 43255 2188	20340 46495 2286	17880 31420 1757	22270 42855 1924	25480 52345 1276
ACRES PRODUCT VIELD (1	1	1 1	TOT	AL FOR LE	RA 7 134	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1	1	
	ION LBS.)	4330 8274 1911	1785 3855 2160	6335 12246 1933	6450 11635 1804	5005 8342 1667	5715 10881 1904	6500 11764 1810	7485 11664 1558	8685 15726 1811	9385 19052 2030	8009 14868 1856	7689 12294 1599	0 0 0 7 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1	1 1 1	TOT	AL FOR KE	KENTUCKY	1	1 1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1	3 6 8	1
KENTUCKY ACRES PRODUCTION YIELD (LB	S.)	169975 430076 2530	152785 404757 2649	159190 356307 2238	172245 446719 2594	161750 320869 1984	189050 452008 2391	200700 456654 2275	206995 497397 2403	196745 452013 2297	194475 469608 2415	173659 343076 1976	200862 420601 2094	234543 500469

NOTE: ALL PRODUCTION IS IN THOUSANDS - UNITS ARE LBS FOR TOBACCO, TONS FOR HAY AND BUSHELS FOR ALL OTHER COMMODITIES SOURCE: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

Appendix 1 - Table E

ALL HAY TOTAL FOR LRA 120

NOTE: ALL PRODUCTION IS IN THOUSANDS -UNITS ARE LBS FOR TOBACCO, TONS FOR HAY AND BUSHELS FOR ALL OTHER COMMODITIES SOURCE: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

Appendix 2

Fertilizer Sales Data

for Kentucky

1976-1981

FERTILIZER MATERIALS		1976 TONS	1977 TONS	1978 TONS	1979 TONS	1980 TONS	1981 TONS
				1 0113	TORS	iona	FOR
NITRATE OF SODA	(16 - 0 - 0)	918.	1205.	1347.	1023.	938.	1310
AMMONIUM SULFATE	(20/21 - 0 - 0)	1533.	1261.	917.	1735.	2178.	3095.
NITROGEN SOLUTIONS	(28/32 - 0 - 0)	64187.	71631.	47770.	49709.	56086.	59263,
AMMONIUM NITRATE	(33/34 - 0 - 0)	125423.	128825.	107655.	126866.	148411.	183019.
UREA	(45/46 - 0 - 0)	22507.	46654.	43179.	37768.	35455.	52607.
ANHYDROUS AMMONIA	(82 - 0 - 0)	39025.	45291.	42905.	34421.	51295.	
OTHER NITROGEN		3118.	2297.	2734.	2405.	2259.	1817.
TOTAL NITROGEN KATERIAL	.5	256712.	297164.	246507.	253927.	296622.	349372
SUPERPHOSPHATE	(0 - 18/20 - 0)	747	10/2	1204	477/	00	50
	(0 - 44/46 - 0)						52.
OTHER PHOSPHATE	(() = 44/40 = (/)	44991.	53262.		58202.		58306
OTHER LUBSEURIC		1549.	455.	104.	34.	108.	283.
TOTAL PHOSPHATE MATERIA	ALS	46886.	55579.	50905.	58411.	54601.	58641
SULFATE OF POTASH-MAGNESIA	\	477/	1007	4./00			
	(0-0-50/52)	1336.		1690.		2794.	4189 a
		12849.	14531.			17734.	22429+
OTHER POTASH	(0 - 0 - 60/62)	93097.	123982.		144409.	139315.	154949
UTHER FUTHER		43.	117.	140.	88,	522.	1853.
TOTAL POTASH MATERIALS		107325.	140456.	145810.	163306,	160365.	183419.
MIXED FERTILIZERS							
	(18 - 46 - 0)	66920.	101069.	99011.	109209.	101721.	126483
	(5 - 10 - 15)	126515.	116066.		87960.	96916.	105695
	(10 - 10 - 10)	123255.	108501.		84530.	76437.	78935.
	(6 - 24 - 24)	39254.				33509.	
	(5 - 20 - 20)	47284.	42822.	30912.	29970.	24081.	21826
	(8-24-24)	1859.	2018.	858.	777.	12780.	
	(0 - 23 - 30)	4431.	8969.	7757.	7090.		7666
	(3 - 9 - 27)	1479.	2661.	1500.	5524.	7207. 7492.	6114.
	(9 - 23 - 30)	5907.	6863.	7653.	6091.	6405.	4058,
	(0 - 26 - 26)	2962.	3878.	3369.	4237.	5468.	5439
	(6 - 12 - 18)	5650.	6664.	6618.	5952.	5975.	4656+
	(7 - 28 - 28)	9524.	11251.	8595.	9232.	8137.	6387 8298
	(19 - 19 - 19)	3534.	5060.	5702.	6830.	5465.	6860
	(6 - 12 - 12)	15136.		8613.	6437.	5181.	4780
TOTAL OF ABOVE MIXTURES		453710.	471837.	403596.	397066.	396773.	416145
OTHER MIXTURES		149164.	158549.	135491.	142033.	126518.	125162
TOTAL MIXTURES		602874.	630386.	539087.	539099.	523291.	541308.
TOTAL FERTILIZERS		1013797.	1123585,	982309.	1014743.	1034878.	1132740
FRIMARY NITROGEN AVALIABLE	(N)	156435.	182034.	157863.	157046.	176639.	199392
PRIMARY PHOSPHATE AVALIABLE	E (P205)	127871.	149104.	132656.	140704.	134708.	144722.
PRIMARY POTASH AVAILABLE	(K20)	147410,	168770.	157732.	166942.		173783

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В	FERTILIZER SALES FOR KENTU	ICKY FOR LRA 120	FERTILIZER	YEARS (JUL	Y 1 TO JUNE	30)		
	FERTILIZER MATERIALS		1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	198
			TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TON
	NITRATE OF SODA	(16-0-0)	138.	112.	60.	94.	70.	100
	AHHONIUH SULFATE	(20/21 - 0 - 0)	68.	105.	6.	74.	79. 67.	120. 5.
	NITROGEN SOLUTIONS	(28/32 - 0 - 0)	30732.	32245.	21321.	25011.	27032.	26780
	ANNONIUM NITRATE	(33/34 - 0 - 0)	13358.	12228.	9942.	11325.	11086.	14078
	UREA ANNOUS ANNOUS A	(45/46 - 0 - 0)	5176.	7687.	7651.	9351.	10875.	14668
	ANHYDROUS AMMONIA OTHER NITROGEN	(82 - 0 - 0)	22117.	25140.	22458.	18920.	26580.	24707
			405.	47.	59.	54.	154.	116.
	TOTAL NITROGEN MATERIAL	S	72045.	77564.	61498.	64754.	75865.	80473.
	SUPERPHOSPHATE	(0 - 18/20 - 0)	35.	5.	11.	2	٥	^
	TRIPLE SUPERPHOSPHATE	(0-44/46-0)	12973.	14882.	15847,	19172	15227	0.
	OTHER PHOSPHATE		96.	2.	13647;	18132,	15226. 55.	19249,
						V	44+	0.
	TOTAL PHOSPHATE MATERIAL	.\$	13104.	14889.	15858.	18135.	15282.	19250.
	SULFATE OF POTASH-MAGNESIA	(0-0-20/22)	363.	136.	31.	570	770	047
	SULFATE OF POTASH	(0-0-50/52)	838.	1033.		578. 1470.	332.	917.
		(0-0-60/62)	25783.	33444.		41191.	1120.	1161.
	OTHER POTASH		20.	0.	11.	10.	35714. 140.	43216. 1239.
	TOTAL POTASH MATERIALS		27003.	34613.	36809.	43249.	37305.	46534.
ì	MIXED FERTILIZERS							
		(18 - 46 - 0)	15396.	21496.	21099.	22788.	22810.	29114.
		(5 - 10 - 15)	12541.	10465.	9971.	8736.	9248.	10591.
		(10 - 10 - 10)	14165.	10827.	7622.	8146.	7724.	7493.
		(6 - 24 - 24)	20456.	19373.	12920.	11557.	12190.	8727.
		(5-20-20)	8457.	6112.	3483.	2625.	2574.	2050
		(8 - 24 - 24)	274.	119.	100.	110.	2671.	4085
		(0 - 23 - 30)	4143.	8266+	6880.	6084.	6874.	5626.
		(3 - 9 - 27)	731.	1445.	726.	2537.	3942.	2080.
		(9 - 23 - 30)	5227.	5796.	6395.	4284.	4588.	3652
		(0 - 26 - 26)	1461.	1286.	743.	910.	1133.	899.
		(6 - 12 - 18)	208.	748.	398.	671.	726.	1315.
		(7 - 28 - 28)	1885.	1938.	1253.	727.	288.	153,
		(19 - 19 - 19)	1653.	1812.	1570.	2304.	1816.	1992.
		(6 - 12 - 12)	1157.	669.	545.	257.	203.	172,
T	OTAL OF ABOVE MIXTURES		87804.	90352.	73705.	71736.	76767,	77948.
01	THER MIXTURES		40185.	39666.	32398.	36094.	27083.	21036.
	TOTAL MIXTURES		127989.	130019.	106102.	107830.	103851.	98984.
	TOTAL FERTILIZERS		240141.	257085.	220268.	233968.	232303.	245241,
PR	RIMARY NITROGEN AVALIABLE	(N)	44755.	49185.	41542.	41213.	48205.	49824,
PR	RIMARY PHOSPHATE AVALIABLE	(P205)	33137.	36495.	32245.	34245.	32589.	34694.
PR	MIMARY POTASH AVAILABLE	(K20)	37759. A 2 – 3	42446.	39447.	42914.	38896+	41286.

,	FERTILIZER SALES FOR KENTL	JCKY FOR LRA 121	FERTIL IZE	R YEARS (JUL	LY 1 TO JUN	E 30)		
	FERTILIZER MATERIALS		1976	1977	1978	1979	1000	4.05
			TONS	TONS	TONS			198 TON
	MITTHATE OF CODA					· wiii.	1 101110	101
	NITRATE OF SODA	((0 - 0 - 61)	103.	91.	191+	34.	128.	104
	ANNONIUM SULFATE	(20/21 - 0 - 0)	696.	855.	707.			2926
	NITROGEN SOLUTIONS	(28/32 - 0 - 0)	11121.	13537.	12292.	12327.		14363
	AMMONIUM NITRATE	(33/34 - 0 - 0)	47010.	54165.	45075.	51894,	60147.	76168
	UREA	(45/46 - 0 - 0)	3602.	9037.	5882.	4862.	3351.	4841
	ANKYDROUS AMMONIA	(82 - 0 - 0)	421.	452.	207.			
	OTHER NITROGEN	1 1/2	1439.	1207.	1584.	313. 1256.	29. 1535.	374 1104
	TOTAL MITTOGOTH MATERIAL			-0 to 7 4	### 1 V	ACCOUNT	10001	110-
	TOTAL NITROGEN MATERIAL	S	64441.	79393.	65939.	72247.	79100.	99878
	SUPERPHOSPHATE	(0 - 18/20 - 0)	407	4440	1710			
	TRIPLE SUPERPHOSPHATE		106.		1348.	40.	66.	25
		(() - 44/46 - ())	7839.	8551.	6845.	7879.	6725.	8214
	OTHER PHOSPHATE		158.	139.	7.	11.	10.	491
	TOTAL PHOSPHATE MATERIAL	LS	8113.	10108.	8200.	7930.	6801.	8288
	SULFATE OF POTASH-MAGNESIA		441.	1225.	1090.	1183.	1114.	1590
	SULFATE OF POTASH		7656.	8150.		8098.	9335.	
		(0 - 0 - 60/62)	16435.					12038.
	OTHER POTASH		17.	73.	123.	19365. 63.	19788. 9.	245751 4
	TOTAL POTASH MATERIALS		24548.				30246.	
							002107	SULVI
H	MIXED FERTILIZERS							•
		(18 - 46 - 0)	0010	4 AE'74	m. 1.15.			•
		(5-10-15)	8810.		9642.			156647
			55339.	53344.	42661.	38236.	45079.	491297
		(10 - 10 - 10)	31877.	30109.		24825.	23858.	24756.
		(6 - 24 - 24)	1606.	1855.	1234.	1667.	1566.	1692
		(5 - 20 - 20)	5235.	5816.	4326.	4128.	3368.	3326
		(8 - 24 - 24)	0.	94.	0.	15.	42.	13.
		(0 - 23 - 30)	72.	410.	416.	383.	17.	36 -
		(3 - 9 - 27)	0.	38.	0.	71.	23.	51
		(9 - 23 - 30)	442.	698.	450.	406,		
		(0-26-26)	43.	197.	128.	285.	44.	65.
		(6 - 12 - 18)	888.	923.	776.		228.	463.
		(7 - 28 - 28)	148.	64.		598.	569.	443.
		(19 - 19 - 19)			24.	111.	27+	34.
		(6 - 12 - 12)	113. 922.	518,	777.	1135.	908.	1185.
		TO TO TO	7224	666.	464.	439.	352.	457.
TE	OTAL OF ABOVE MIXTURES		1.05495.	105262.	86689.	85143.	86715.	97314.
01	THER MIXTURES		39040.	42733.	39061.	40331.	36333.	36632.
	TOTAL MIXTURES		144535.	147994.	125751.	125474.	123048.	
	TOTAL CERTIL TTERO					1207/74	123040+	133945.
	TOTAL FERTILIZERS		241639.	265130.	227253.	234359.	239195.	280318.
PR	THARY NITROGEN AVALIABLE	(N)	32837.	39089.	32359.	34940.	36330.	45060
PR	MARY PHOSPHATE AVALIABLE	/ none >	00407	0.475				1300011
		(F205)	22483.	24308.	20845.	22351.	20183.	23951.
PR	IMARY POTASH AVAILABLE	(K20)	32660.	34563.	31470.	31626.	32365.	77/44
			12 /			020001	97909+	37641.

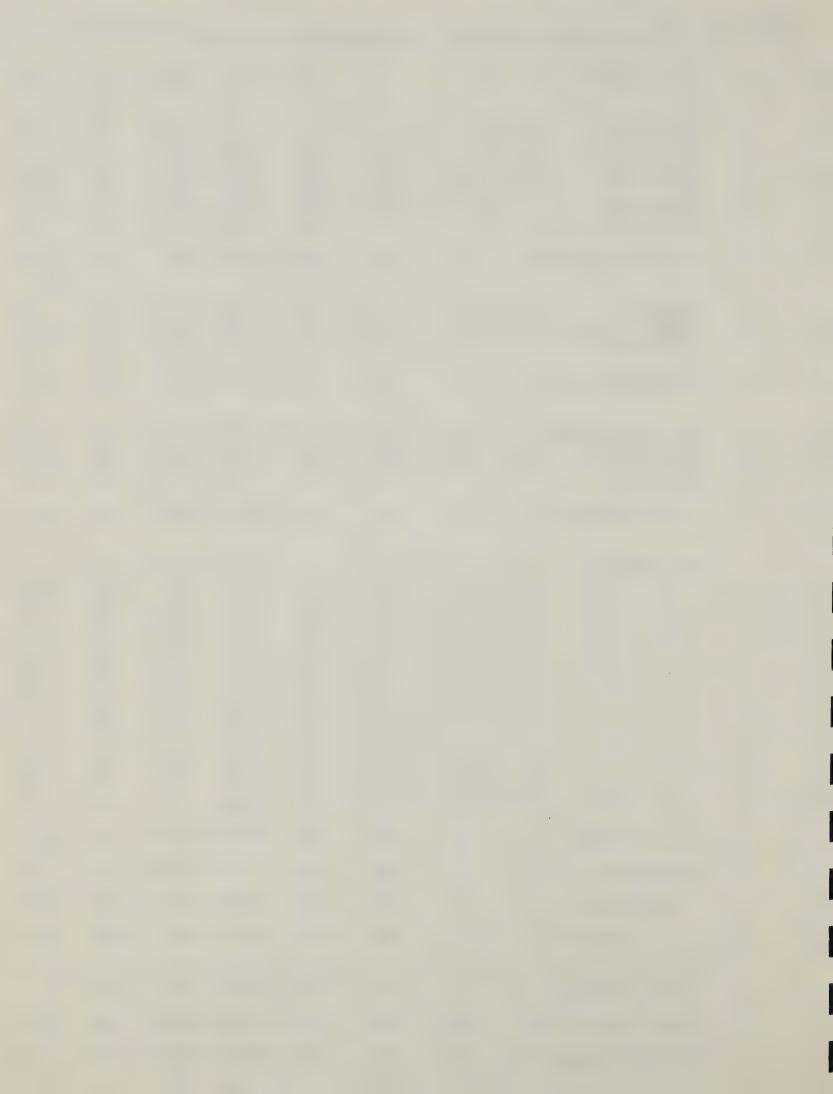
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_	FERTILIZER SALES FOR KENTUCKY FOR LRA 122		FERTILIZER	YEARS (JULY	1 TO JUNE	30)		
	FERTILIZER MATERIALS		1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
			TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
	NITRATE OF SODA (16 - 0 - 0)	491.	805.	764.	652.	580.	917.
	AMMONIUM SULFATE (20/21 - 0 - 0		382.	264.	128.	225.	297.	145.
	NITROGEN SOLUTIONS (28/32 - 0 - 0		11286.	11281.	7518.	7386.	7701.	9557
	AMMONIUM NITRATE (33/34 - 0 - 0		46785.	40806.	35921.	45639.	52173.	60506.
	UREA (45/46 - 0 - 0		7952.	18735.	18448.	16501.	13954.	20928.
	ANHYDROUS AMMONIA (82 - 0 - 0		10853.	12291.	13622.	10054.	15508.	15890.
	OTHER NITROGEN		952.	588.	514.	845.	338.	366+
	TOTAL NITROGEN MATERIALS		78700.	84770.	76916.	81301.	90551.	108308.
	SUPERPHOSPHATE (0 - 18/20 - 0	١	122.	66.	22.	19.	10	10.
	TRIPLE SUPERPHOSPHATE (0 - 44/46 - 0		17750.	21414.	20152.	24166.	24164.	
	OTHER PHOSPHATE	,						170.
	VINEN PROGRAME		698.	312.	97.	23.	22.	1/0+
	TOTAL PHOSPHATE MATERIALS		18570.	21793.	20270.	24208,	24197.	24293.
	SULFATE OF POTASH-MAGNESIA (0 - 0 - 20/22	١	427.	446.	477.	614.	1325.	1563.
	SULFATE OF POTASH (0 - 0 - 50/52		3602.	4091.	5006.	5117.	5175.	6407.
	MURIATE OF POTASH (0 - 0 - 60/62		31245.			52238.		51810.
	OTHER POTASH	,		40088.	43590.		47847	
	UINER FULHOR		6.	45.	4.	4.	299.	468.
	TOTAL POTASH MATERIALS		35281.	44669.	49077.	57973.	54646.	60248,
	MIXED FERTILIZERS							
	(18 - 46 - 0)	26973.	41739.	40195.	46883.	40715.	51354.
	(5 -: 10 - 15)	36269.	31225.	27227.	22502.	23901.	25619
	(10 - 10 - 10)	58203.	48651.	39055.	35724.	30735.	31258.
	(6 - 24 - 24)	9492.	13144.	11193.	11387.	14642.	14229,
	(5 - 20 - 20)	22390.	22002.	17208.	17737.	14020.	12587.
	(8 - 24 - 24)	222.	79.	179.	86.	691.	687.
	(0 - 23 - 30)	73.	168.	358.	564.	255.	156.
	(3 - 9 - 27)	220.	323.	176.	1042.	1974.	1137.
	(9 - 23 - 30)	64:	188.	463.	745,	1185.	508.
	(0 - 26 - 26)	1454.	2379.	2470.	3004.	4075.	3262.
	(6 - 12 - 18)	3576.	3582.	3857.	3814.	3894.	3997.
	(7 - 28 - 28)	4707.	4987.	3341.	3955.	4294.	4890.
	(19 - 19 - 19)	1756.	2406.	3168.	3209.	2646.	3451.
	(6 - 12 - 12)	7877+	5093.	3732.	2584.	1794.	1759+
	TOTAL OF ABOVE MIXTURES		173275.	175967.	152620.	153235.	144822.	154893.
	OTHER HIXTURES		47143.	51735.	48380.	49862.	47117.	52084.
	TOTAL MIXTURES		220418.	227702.	201000.	203097.	191938.	206977.
	TOTAL FERTILIZERS		352969.	378934.	347263.	366580,	361331.	399826.
	PRIMARY NITROGEN AVALIABLE (N)	52108.	58692.	54844.	55495.	59376.	68643,
	FRIMARY PHOSPHATE AVALIABLE (P205)	48146.	57194.	51944.	56965.	53697.	58896.
	PRIMARY POTASH AVAILABLE (K20)	50055. A2-5	55921.	54675.	59938.	57643.	60 680.

ole E								
	FERTILIZER MATERIALS		1976 TONS	1977 TDNS	1978	1979	1980 TONG	198
			TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TORS	TON
	NITRATE OF SODA	(16 - 0 - 0)	185.	175.	304.	175.	141.	144
	AMMONIUM SULFATE	(20/21 - 0 - 0)	19.	37.	76.	0.	267.	14
	NITROGEN SOLUTIONS	(28/32 - 0 - 0)	996.	809.	569.	541.	619.	994
	AMMONIUM NITRATE	(33/34 - 0 - 0)	8819.	11099.	9237+	9270.	9954.	14248
	UREA ANHYDROUS AMMONTA	(45/46 - 0 - 0)	190.	347.	372.	188.	177.	1890
	ANHYDROUS AMMONIA OTHER NITROGEN	(82 - 0 - 0)	346.	25.	4.	115.	162.	538
			254.	303.	357.	206.	194.	197
	TOTAL NITROGEN MATERIALS	3	10810.	12795.	10918.	10496.	11514.	18025
	SUPERPHOSPHATE	(0 - 18/20 - 0)	84.	45.	23.	15.	15.	17
		(0 - 44/46 - 0)	759.	859.			16.	17.
	OTHER PHOSPHATE	V V IVIO	408.		692.	617.	489.	1098.
				1.	0.	0.	0.	0.
	TOTAL PHOSPHATE MATERIAL	.S	1251.	905.	715.	632.	505.	1115.
	SULFATE OF POTASH-HAGNESIA	(0-0-20/22)	3.	4.	35.	4.	17.	101.
	SULFATE OF POTASH	(0-0-50/52)	158.	154.	283.	283.	926.	1537.
	HURIATE OF POTASH	(0-0-60/62)	1022.	1411.	1475.	1342.	1758.	2609.
	OTHER POTASH		0.	0.	1.	10,	1.	0.
	TOTAL POTASH MATERIALS		1182.	1569.	1795.	1639.	2702.	4247,
	MIXED FERTILIZERS							
		(18 - 46 - 0)	2072.	3036.	3892.	4371:	3864.	5677.
		(5 - 10 - 15)	20613.	19237.	18529.	17090.	17473.	18697,
		(10 - 10 - 10)	18311.	18355.	14486.	14948.	13546.	14675.
		(6 - 24 - 24)	201.	421.	377.	400.	465.	841.1
		(5 - 20 - 20)	5862.	6095.	5130.	4899.	2980.	3404.
		(8-24-24)	0.	3.	1.	6.	9.	150.
		(0 - 23 - 30)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	2.
		(3-9-27)	0.	0.	0.	16.	0.	30.
		(9 - 23 - 30) (0 - 26 - 25)	0.	0. 15	0.	0.	4.	1.
		(6 - 12 - 18)	7.45.	15.	28.	33.	31.	33.
		(7 - 28 - 28)	345. 20.	261. 0.	308.	177.	120.	103.
		(19 - 19 - 19)	13.	216.	0. 187.	0.	4.	8+8
		(6 - 12 - 12)	4662.	4242.	3579.	182. 2880.	95. 2587.	232. 2099.
	TOTAL OF ABOVE MIXTURES		52101.	51881.	46518.	45006.	41178.	45950.
	OTHER MIXTURES		8647.	9647.	9132.	9840.	9507.	10653.
	TOTAL MIXTURES		60748.	61527.	55650.	54847.	50685.	56603.
	TOTAL FERTILIZERS		73991.	76796.	69078.	67614.	65405.	79990.
	PRIMARY NITROGEN AVALIABLE	(N)	8365.	9181.	8171.	0140	0.000	
	PRIMARY PHOSPHATE AVALIABLE	(P205)				8149.	8072.	11408,
	FRIMARY POTASH AVAILABLE		8668.	8928.	8410.	8441.	7570.	9244.
	FRIMARY FUTASH AVAILABLE	(K20)	8506.	8856.	81.57.	7844.	7827.	941.9+

A2-6

- FERRICEIZER SALES FUR RENTUCKY FUR ERA 13-	4	FERTILIZER	YEARS (JULY	1 TO JUNE	30)		
FERTILIZER MATERIALS		1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
		TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
NITRATE OF SODA (16 - 0 -	0.1	2.	22.	28.	18.	19.	25.
AMMONIUM SULFATE (20/21 - 0 -		368.	0.	0.	0.	0.	7.
NITROGEN SOLUTIONS (28/32 - 0 -		10002.	13709.	6070.	4444.	8371.	7570.
ANKONJUM NITRATE (33/34 - 0 -		9451.	10527.	7479.	8738.	15051.	18019.
UREA (45/46 - 0 -	0)	5587.	10843.	10827.	6866.	7096.	10280.
ANHYDROUS AKMONIA (82 - 0 -	())			6613.			6752.
OTHER NITROGEN		18.	152.	217.	43.	38.	34.
TOTAL NITROGEN MATERIALS		30715.	42641.	31236.	25129.	39592.	42688.
SUPERPHOSPHATE (0 - 18/20 -	۸ ۱	0.	720	Λ	00	^	0.
TRIPLE SUPERPHOSPHATE (0 - 44/46 -		5670.	7556.	0. 5861.	7407.	0. 7796.	5632
OTHER PHOSPHATE	V)	178.	7330+		0.	20.	50521
TOTAL PHOSPHATE MATERIALS		5848.	7884.	5861.	7507.	7817.	5696.
SULFATE OF POTASH-MAGNESIA (0 - 0 - 20/	22)	102.	16.	6.	6.	6.	18.
SULFATE OF POTASH (0 - 0 - 50/		596.	1104.		1456.	1179.	1286.
MURIATE OF POTASH (0 - 0 - 60/		18613.	30852.		30272.	34209.	
OTHER POTASH		0.	0.		0.	72.	142.
TOTAL POTASH MATERIALS		19311.	31971.	30766.	31735.	35467.	34184.
MIXED FERTILIZERS							
(18 - 46 -	())	13669.	24268.	24184.	22326.	23698.	24674.
(5 - 10 - 1		1753.	1796.		1396.	1215.	1659.
(10 - 10 -	10)	699.	559.	420.	888*	574.	753.
(6 - 24 - 1		7499.	10119.	9925.	8213.	4647.	3462.
(5 - 20 - 1		5341.	2797.	765.	581.	1138.	459.
(8 - 24 - 1		1363.	1724.	579.	560.	9367.	2730.
(0 - 23 - 1		143. 478.	125. 855.	103. 599.	59، 1859.	61. 1552.	294. 760.
(9 - 23 -		174.	181.	345.	656+	585.	1213.
(0 - 26 - 2		3.	1.	0.	0.	0.	0,
(6 - 12 -		634.	1150.	1279.	693.	665.	530.
(7-28-		2764.	4261.	3976.	4439.	3544.	3213.
(19 - 19 -		0.	108.	0.	0.	0.	0,
(6 - 12 - :	12)	517.	433.	293.	276.	246+	293.
TOTAL OF ABOVE MIXTURES		35035.	48376.	44064.	41946.	47292.	40041.
OTHER MIXTURES		14149.	14769.	6520.	5906.	6477.	4757.
TOTAL MIXTURES		49184.	63144.	50584.	47851.	53769.	44798.
TOTAL FERTILIZERS		105058.	145641.	118447.	112222.	136644.	127366.
FRIMARY NITROGEN AVALIABLE (N)	18369.	25888.	20946.	17249.	24654.	24457,
PRIMARY PHOSPHATE AVALIABLE (P2	05)	15438.	22179.	19212.	18701.	20670.	17936.
PRIMARY POTASH AVAILABLE (K20	0)		26984.	24003.	24519.	27950.	24757.
		A2-7					



Appendix 3

Costs and Prices

for Selected Inputs and Products

for Kentucky

1970-1981

Appendix 3-Table A-- Average annual prices paid by farmers for selected production inputs for Kentucky, 1970-1981.

	Unit	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	Index 1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Fertilizers 5-10-15	ton	62,50	71.66	68.50	74.00	120.00	137.50	117.50	125.00	120 00	135 00	166 25	, ,
10-10-10	ton	61.00	63.50	64.50	71.00	115.00	127.50	107.50	110.00	106.25	120.00	143.75	147 50
ammonium nitrate	ton	00.09	65.00	67.50	76.50	167.50	182.50	140.00	142.50	140.00	141.75	165.00	186.25
urea	ton	85.00	84.90	82.00	95.00	200.00	230.00	165.00	177.50	173.75	183.75	223.75	248.75
annydrous ammonia	ton	73.00	74.50	26.00	82.50	197.50	250.00	185.00	188.75	173.75	777.50	231.25	243 50
triple superphosphate	ton	75.50	78.5	80.5	90.50	165.00	192.5	14.75	151.75	148.75	187.50	745.00	235 00
muriate of potash	ton	29.00	64.00	65.00	68.50	93.50	104.00	100.00	111.75	106.75	123.75	146.25	162 50
ag. Ilmestone	ton	4.05	4.23	5.35	4.25	4.93	5.35	6.35	6.10	6.93	7.55	9.07	8.80
Fuels													
diesel	gal	.202	.194	.196	.223	.370	.385	.415	46.8	668	866	051	1 17.7
leaded gasoline	gal	.305	.310	.320	.348	.472	.512	.540	.588	.604	.796	1.157	1.299
Feeds													
mixed dairy (16% protein) ton	eta) ton	75.25	79.60	79.30	112.00	138.08	132 75	14.0 4.9	161		0	6	
beef supplement	CKE.	4.99	5.30	5.57	7.90	8,68	8.66	40.42	00.141	134.25	158.00	183.00	196.25
corn meal	cwt.	3.32	3.54	3.22	4.67	09.9	6.52	6.38	5.55	5.43	6.01	7.74	12.21
soybean meal	cwt.	5.68	5.78	6.68	14.00	10.43	90.6	10.78	12.88	11.63.	12.88	13.68	15.17
Supplies													
4 point barbed wire,	80 rod	12,50	13.60	14.90	16,30	29,38	30,98	23,38	28 63	20 68	37 75	26 60	2.1 3.0
baler twine	40 1b.	7.10	7.20	7.70	8.80	27.30	32.00	13.50	13.40	14.20	17.38	26.75	27.13
Machinery													
4 row corn planter		910	1000	1200	1300	1600	2600	3400	3100	3350	000%	2350	2700
3 bottom plow		570	290	049	675	790	096	1025	1200	1250	1450	1525	1725
50-59 h.p. tractor		5450	5850	0009	6300	7250	8550	8800	9650	10233	11167	12333	14000
Farm labor	\$/hour	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	1.68	1.83	2.15	2,36	2 64	2, BO	3 03	6
										•	7	00.0	0.4
Rented cropland	\$/acre	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	29.40	34.80	37.50	40.60	49.50	50.00	51.90	57.40	62.30
Average value													
per acre of													
land and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CHC	100	1	1	1							
- CALLET BA	\$/acre	607	/07	567	327	385	427	514	619	715	861	955	991
1 Field and livestock workers.	kers.												

N.A. = Not Available

Source: Statistical Reporting Service; Louisville, Kentucky and Washington, D.C.

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975 do	1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 dollars	1977	1978	1979	1977 1978 1979 1980 1931	1931
Corn bu.	1.56	1.13	1.72	2.65	3.08	2.57	2.22	2.19	2.40	2.72	3.35	2.60
Wheat bu.	1.33	1.47	1.47	3.28	3.77	2.96	1.47 3.28 3.77 2.96 2.95 2.10 3.15 4.00 3.85 3.50	2.10	3.15	4.00	3.85	3.50
Soybeans bu.	2.8	2.96	7.06	5.64	6.84	4.87	6.74	6.18	6.82	6.42	7.75	07.9
Tobacco cwt.	72.20	81.20	79.40	93.20	114.10	106.70	79.40 93.20 114.10 106.70 115.00 121.80 131.80 145.80 166.00 181:00	121.80	131.80	145.80	166.00	181:00
All Hay ton	29.00	29.00	32.00	35.00	38.50	40.00	32.00 35.00 38.50 40.00 47.00 47.50 48.50 51.0 59.50 63.00	47.50	48.50	51.0	59.50	63.00
Beef cattle cwt.26.20	26.20	27.40	32.20	43.00	31.80	27.40	32.20 43.00 31.80 27.40 31.40 31.60 46.60 65.10 59.30 51.00	31.60	76.60	65.10	59.30	51.00
Milk cows head	253	270	310	419	405	337	310 419 405 337 400 396 523 890 1040 1040	396	523	890	1040	1040

1 Prices received for commodities are marketing season monthly averages weighted by monthly sales. ²Beef cattle prices received are monthly averages, weighted by sales for a calendar year. prices received are straight monthly averages for a calendar year. Kentucky Crop and Livestock Reporting Service, Statistical Reporting Service, Louisville, Kentucky. Source:





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